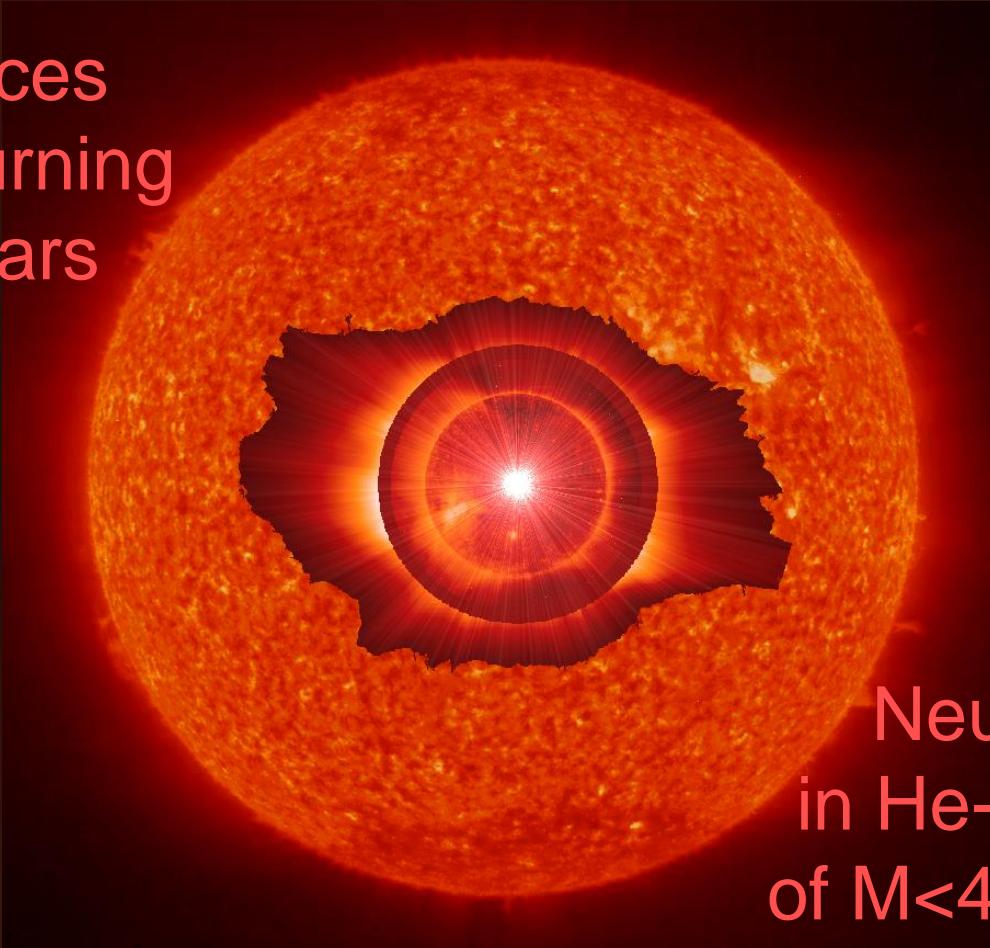


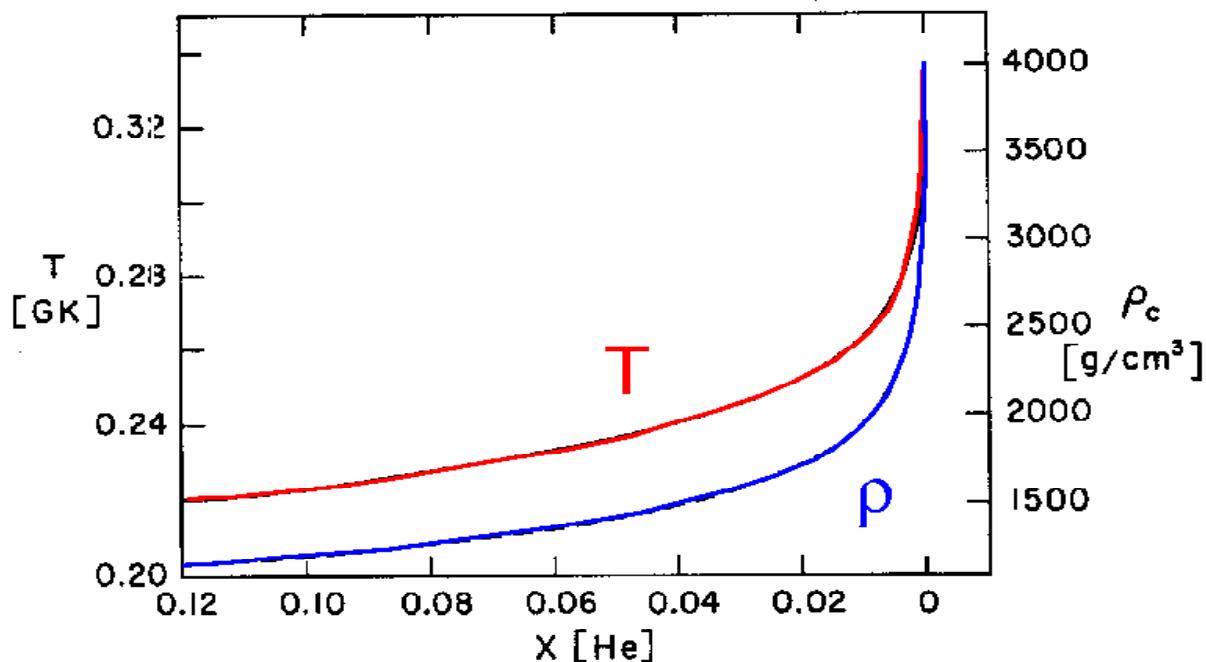
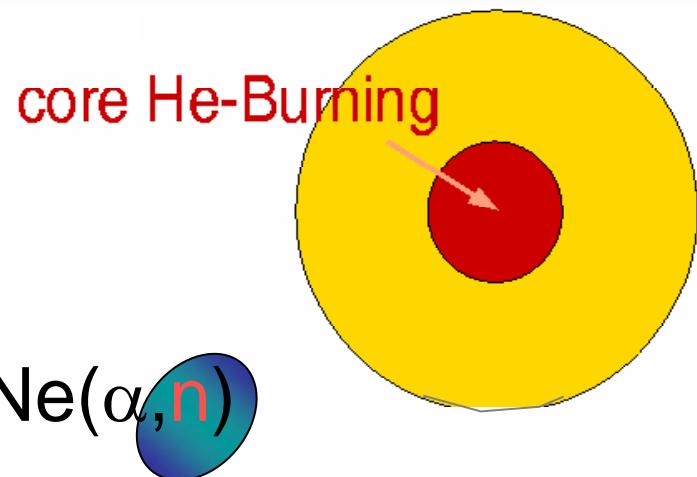
Helium Burning in Stars II

Neutron sources
in He-core burning
of massive stars



Neutron sources
in He-shell burning
of $M < 4M_{\odot}$ AGB stars

Stellar Neutron Sources in massive Stars



T-dependent
increase of
n-production

Reaction network for n-sources

$$\frac{dY_{^{14}N}}{dt} = -Y_{^{14}N} \cdot Y_{^4He} \cdot \rho \cdot N_A \langle \sigma v \rangle_{^{14}N(\alpha,\gamma)}$$

$$\frac{dY_{^{18}F}}{dt} = -Y_{^{18}F} \cdot \lambda_{^{18}F(\beta^+)} + Y_{^{14}N} \cdot Y_{^4He} \cdot \rho \cdot N_A \langle \sigma v \rangle_{^{14}N(\alpha,\gamma)}$$

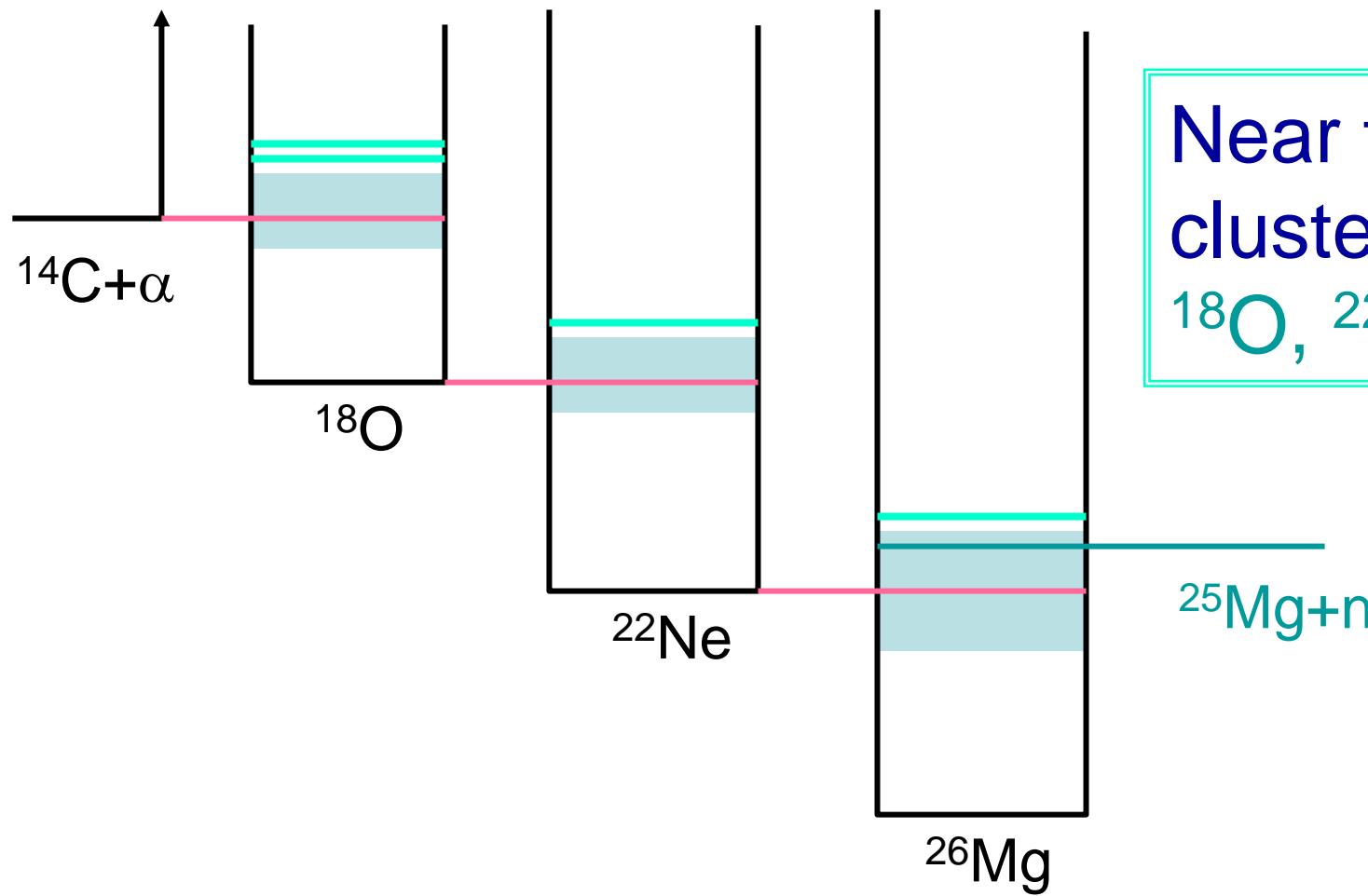
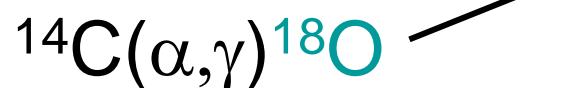
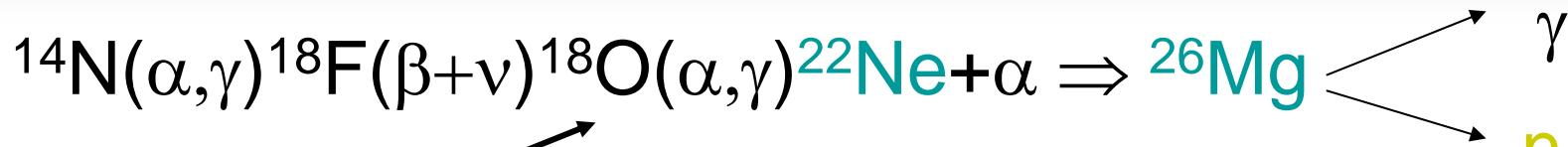
$$\frac{dY_{^{18}O}}{dt} = -Y_{^{18}O} \cdot Y_{^4He} \cdot \rho \cdot N_A \langle \sigma v \rangle_{^{18}O(\alpha,\gamma)} + Y_{^{18}F} \cdot \lambda_{^{18}F(\beta^+)}$$

$$\frac{dY_{^{22}Ne}}{dt} = -Y_{^{22}Ne} \cdot Y_{^4He} \cdot \rho \cdot N_A \langle \sigma v \rangle_{^{22}Ne(\alpha,n)} + Y_{^{18}O} \cdot Y_{^4He} \cdot \rho \cdot N_A \langle \sigma v \rangle_{^{18}O(\alpha,\gamma)}$$

$$\frac{dY_n}{dt} = -Y_n \cdot \lambda_{n(\beta^-)} - \sum_x Y_X \cdot Y_n \cdot \rho \cdot N_A \langle \sigma v \rangle_{X(n,\gamma)} + Y_{^{22}Ne} \cdot Y_{^4He} \cdot \rho \cdot N_A \langle \sigma v \rangle_{^{22}Ne(\alpha,n)}$$

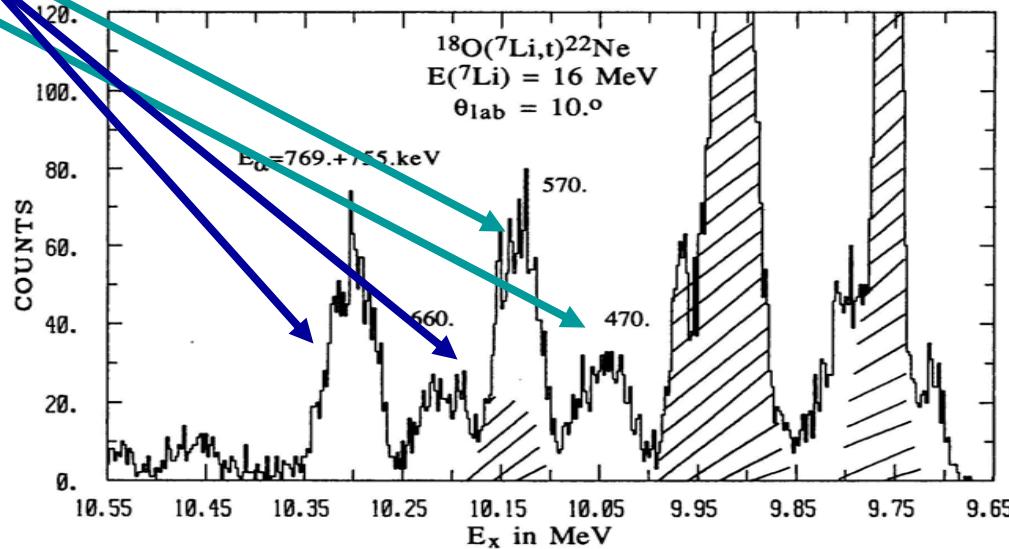
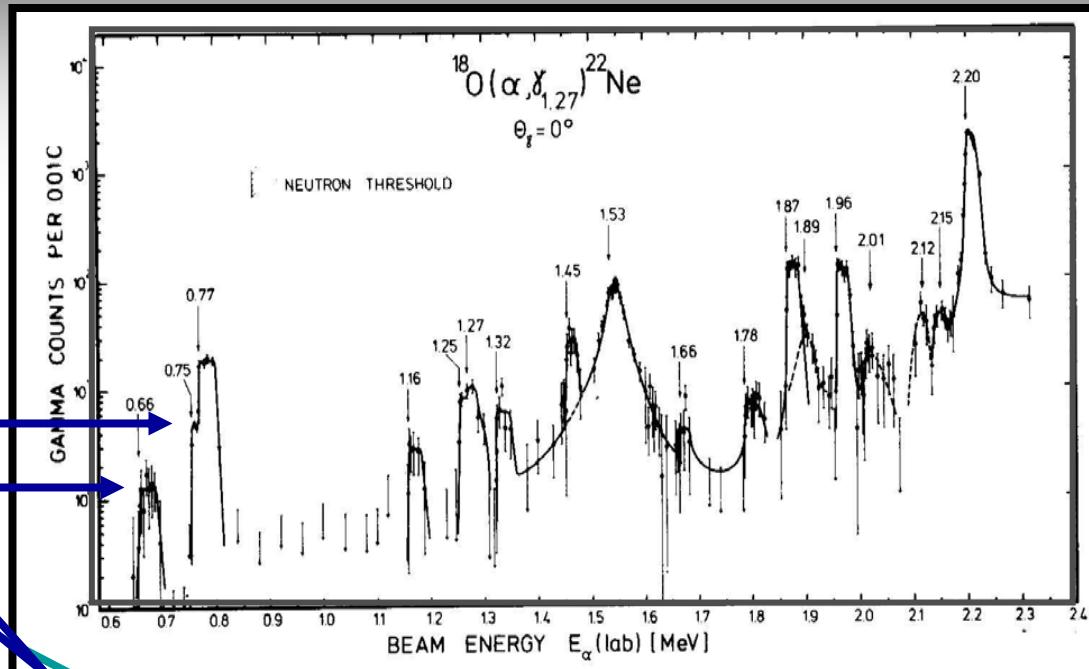
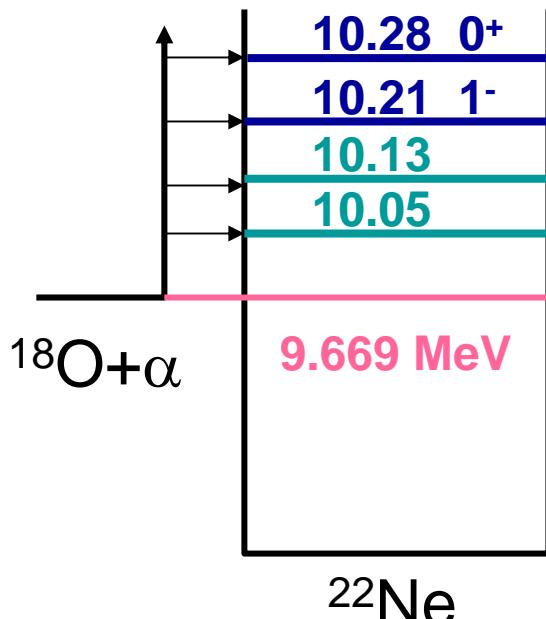
Neutron production through $^{22}\text{Ne}(\alpha, n)^{25}\text{Mg}$
depends on reaction rates of this sequence

$T=1$ nuclei, neutron sources

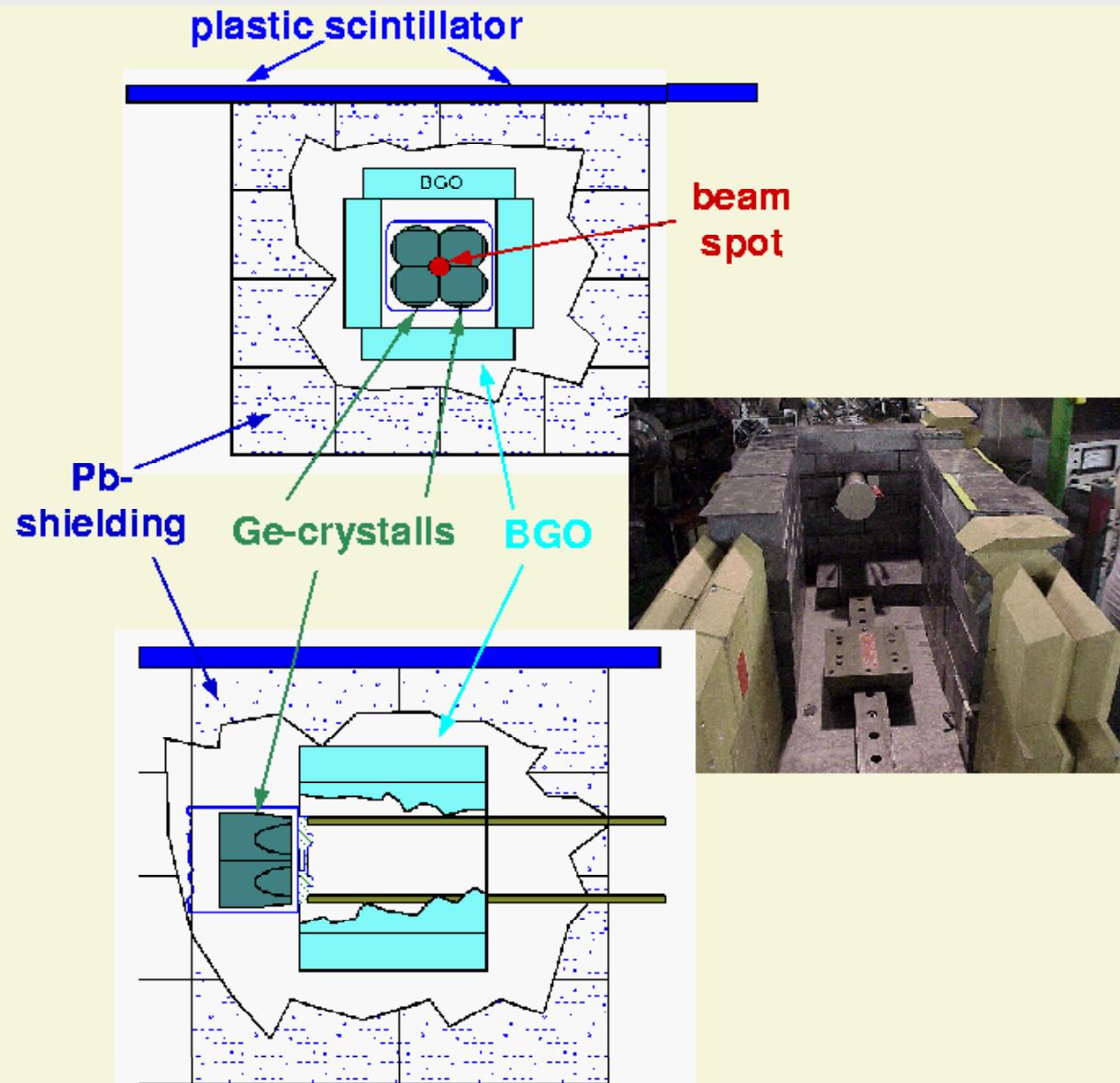


Near threshold
cluster states in:
 ^{18}O , ^{22}Ne , ^{26}Mg ?

Search for α -cluster in:



Experimental Set-Up



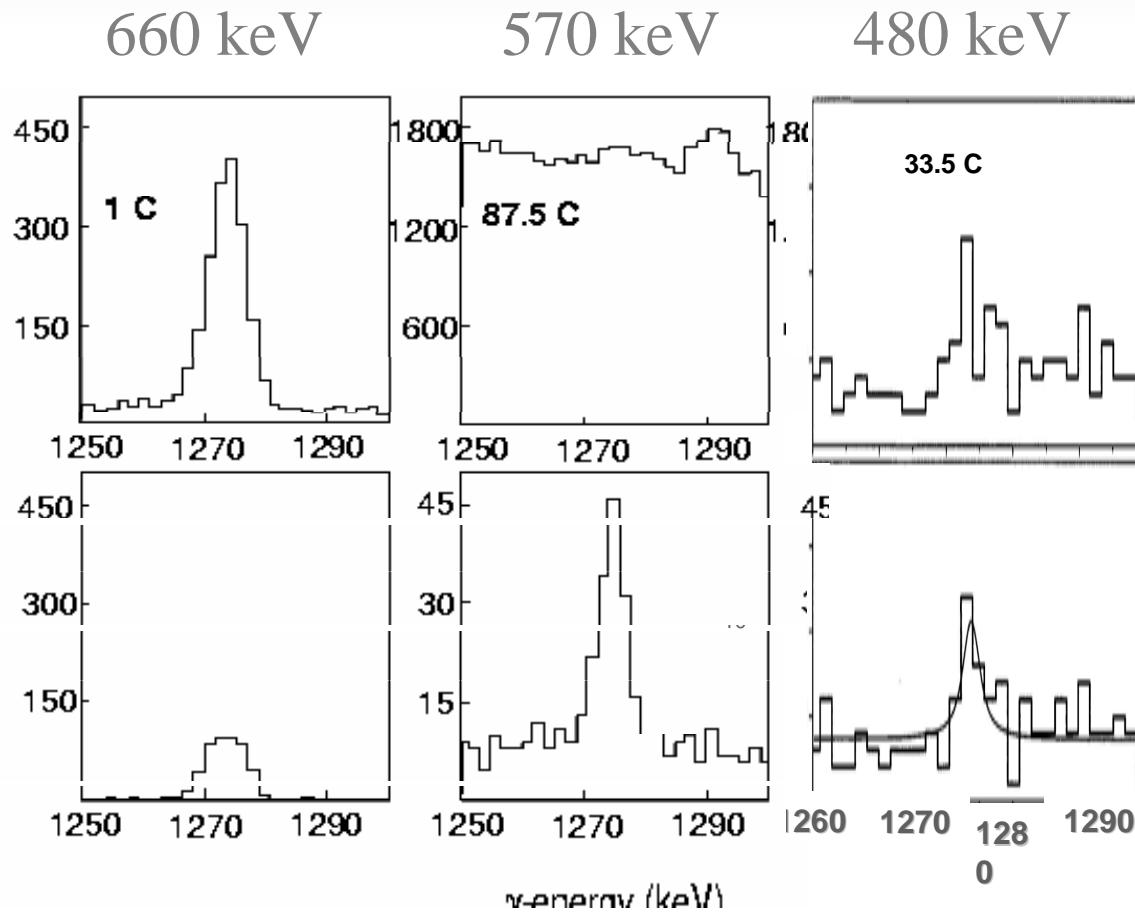
Lead shielding
for room BG

Anti coincidence
suppression of
Cosmic Ray BG

Ge-BGO coincidence
signal requirements
For event identification

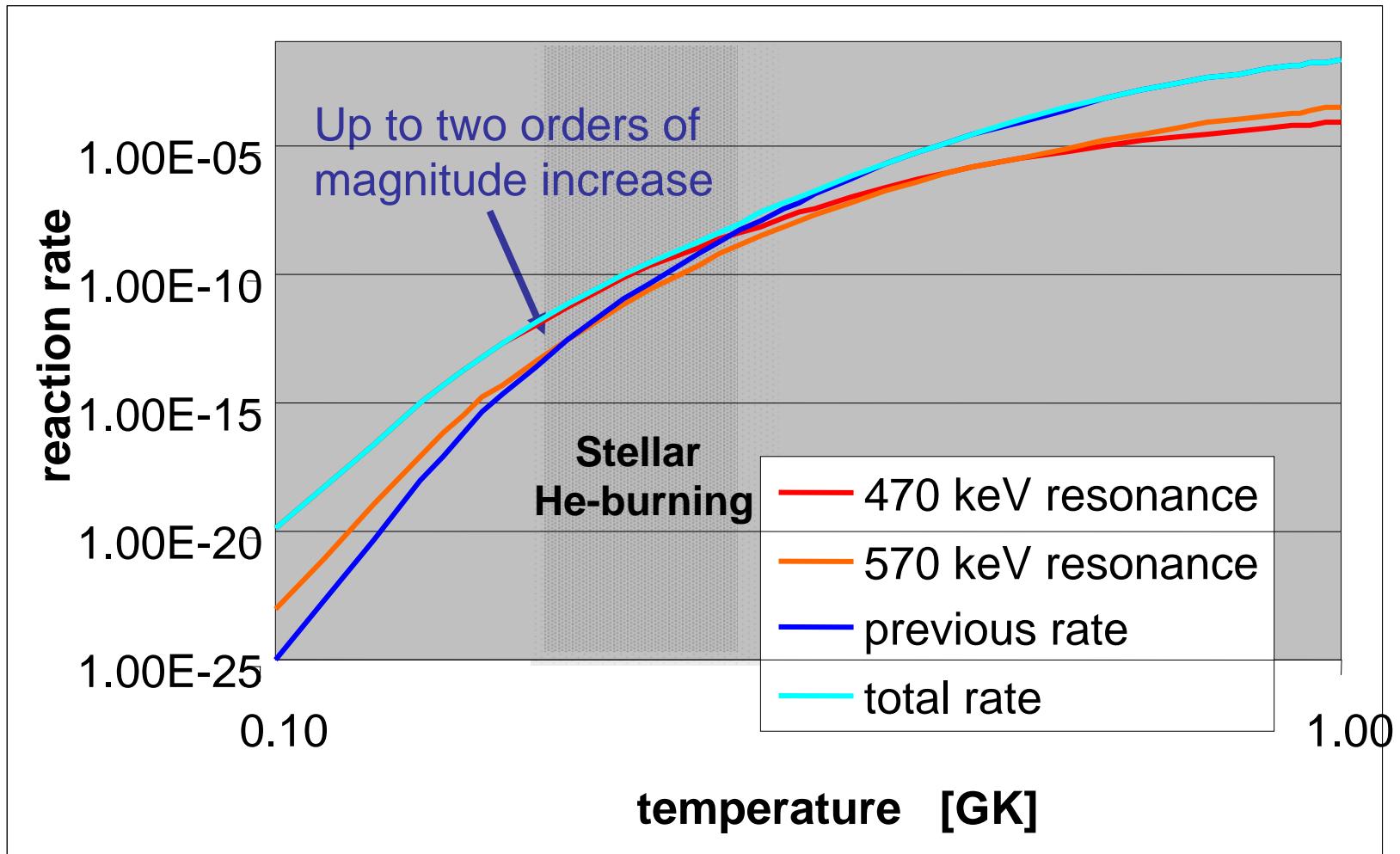
Ge-Clover Add-Back
Mode for γ -efficiency
enhancement

α strength of threshold resonances

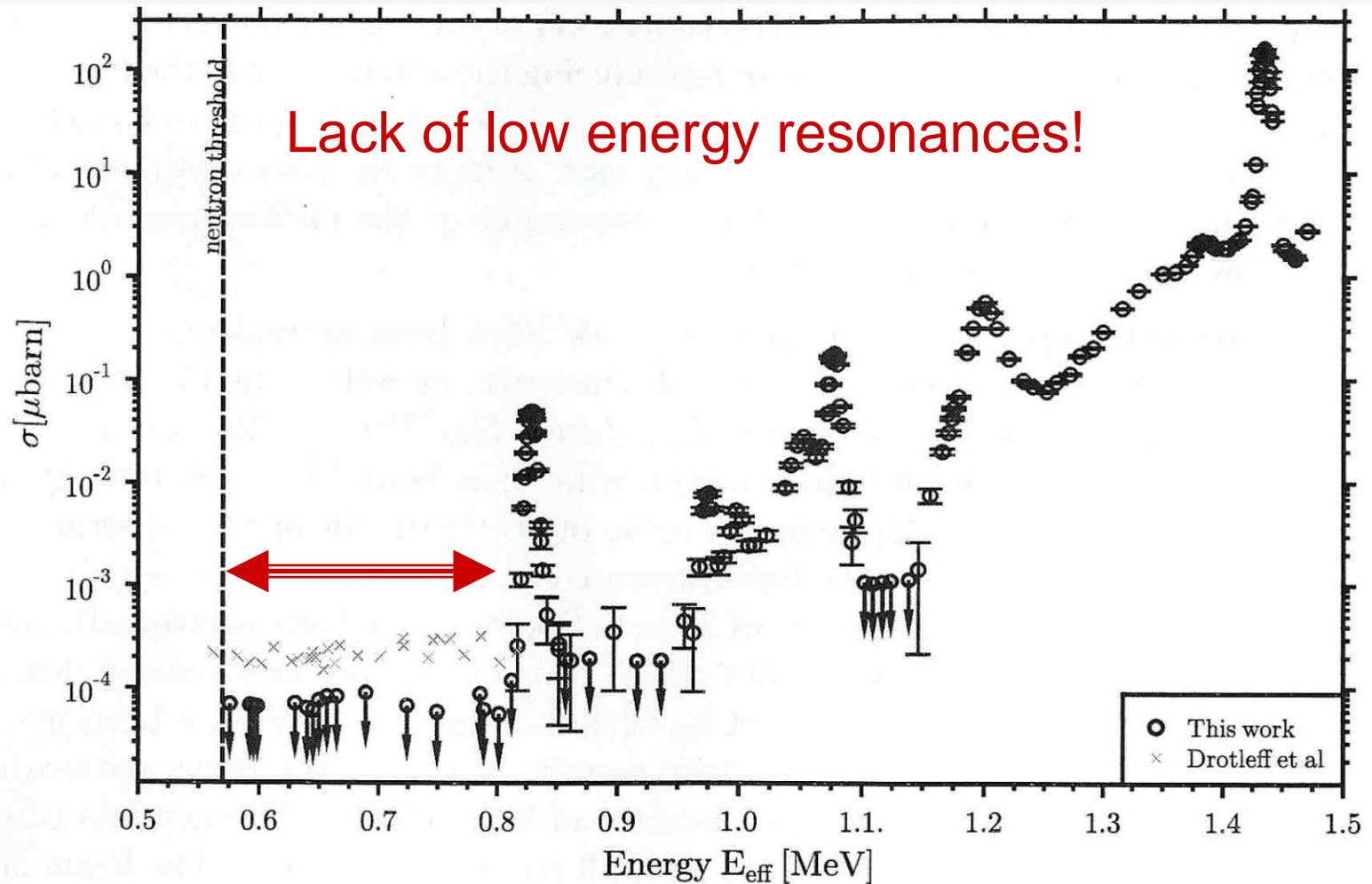


10.28 0^+ $\theta_\alpha^2=0.02$
10.21 1^- $\theta_\alpha^2=0.06$
10.13 2^+ $\theta_\alpha^2=0.04$
10.05 1^- $\theta_\alpha^2=0.07$

$^{18}\text{O}(\alpha, \gamma)^{22}\text{Ne}$ reaction rate

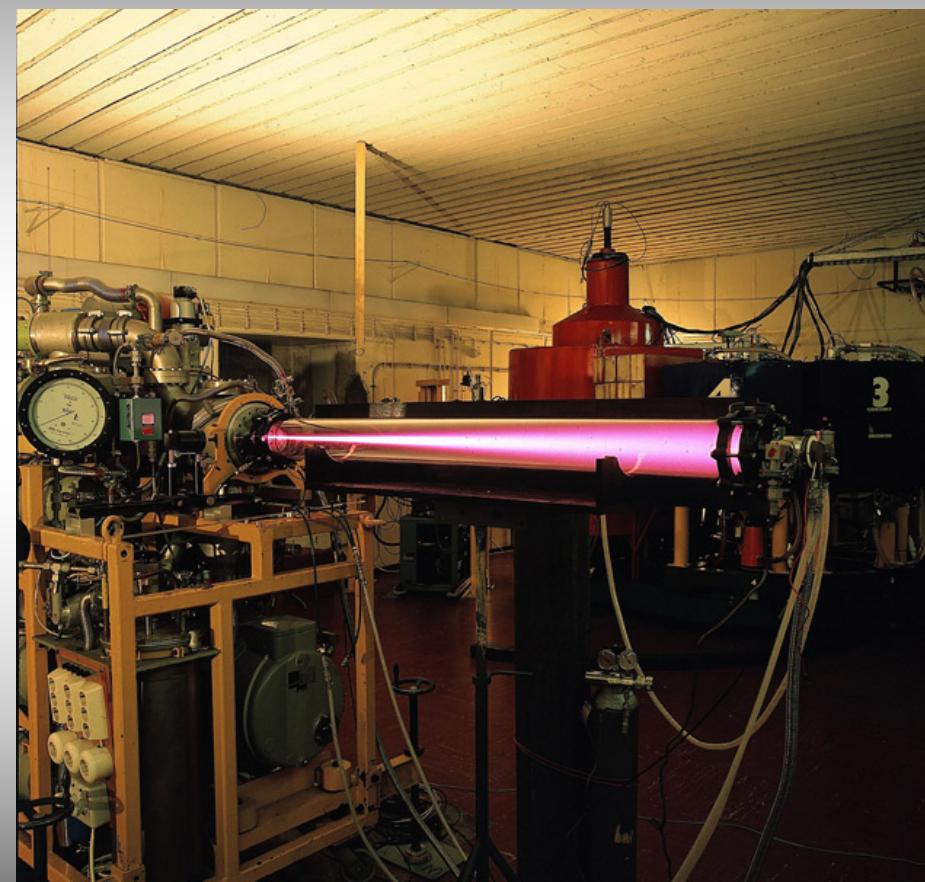


Example: $^{22}\text{Ne}(\alpha, \text{n})^{25}\text{Mg}$

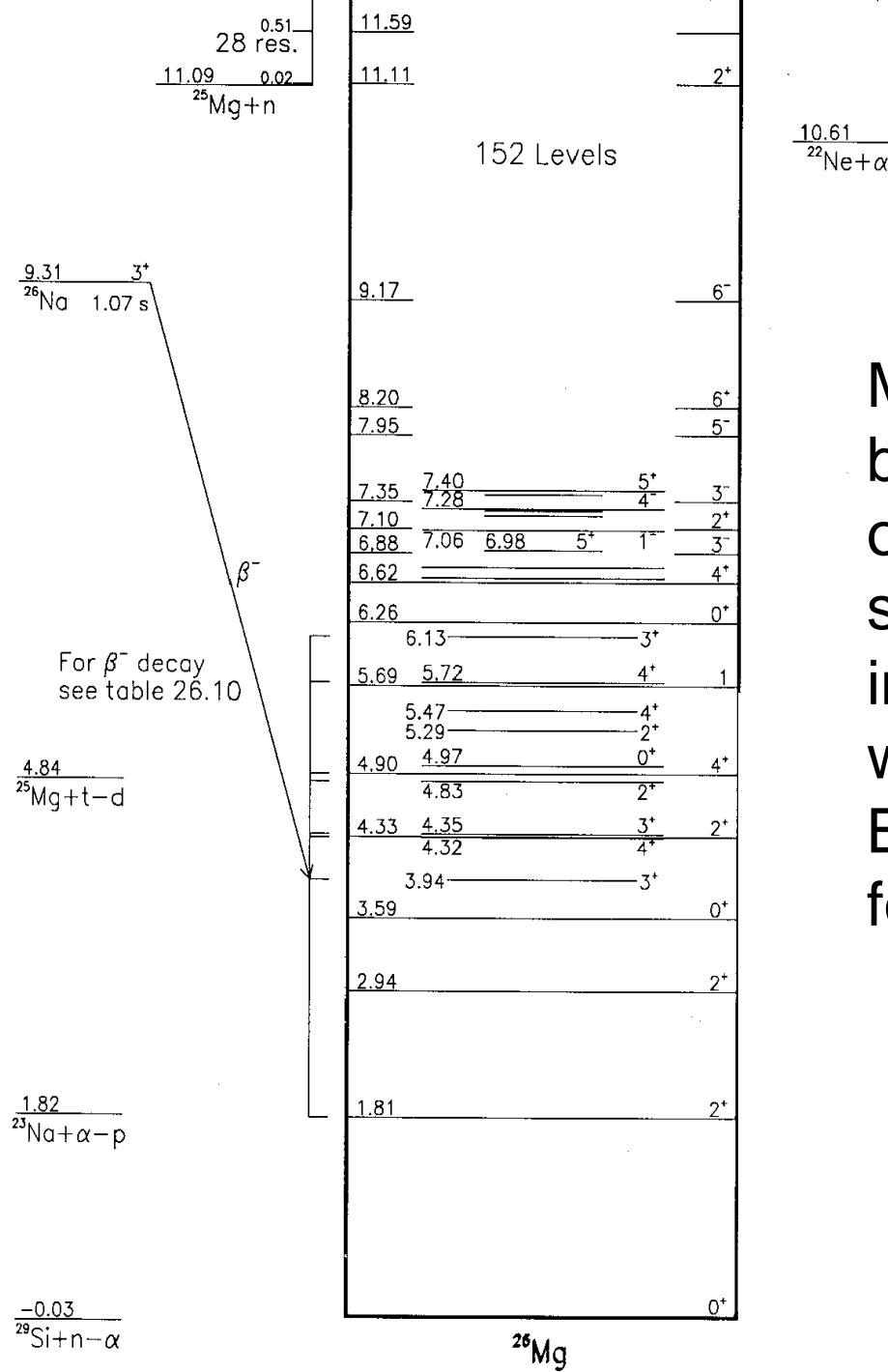


The potential existence of low energy resonances causes considerable uncertainty in reaction rate

Measurement with gas target



Low energy beam into extended ^{22}Ne gas-target



Present status on reaction rates

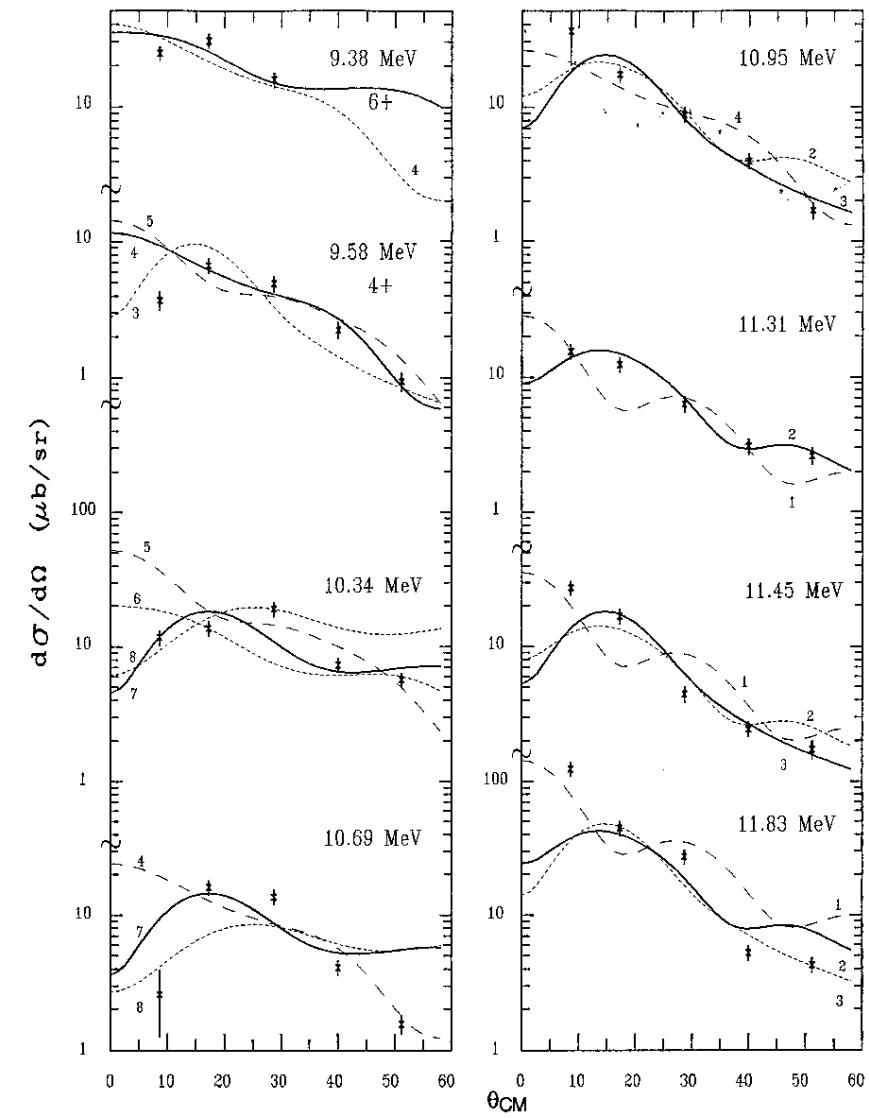
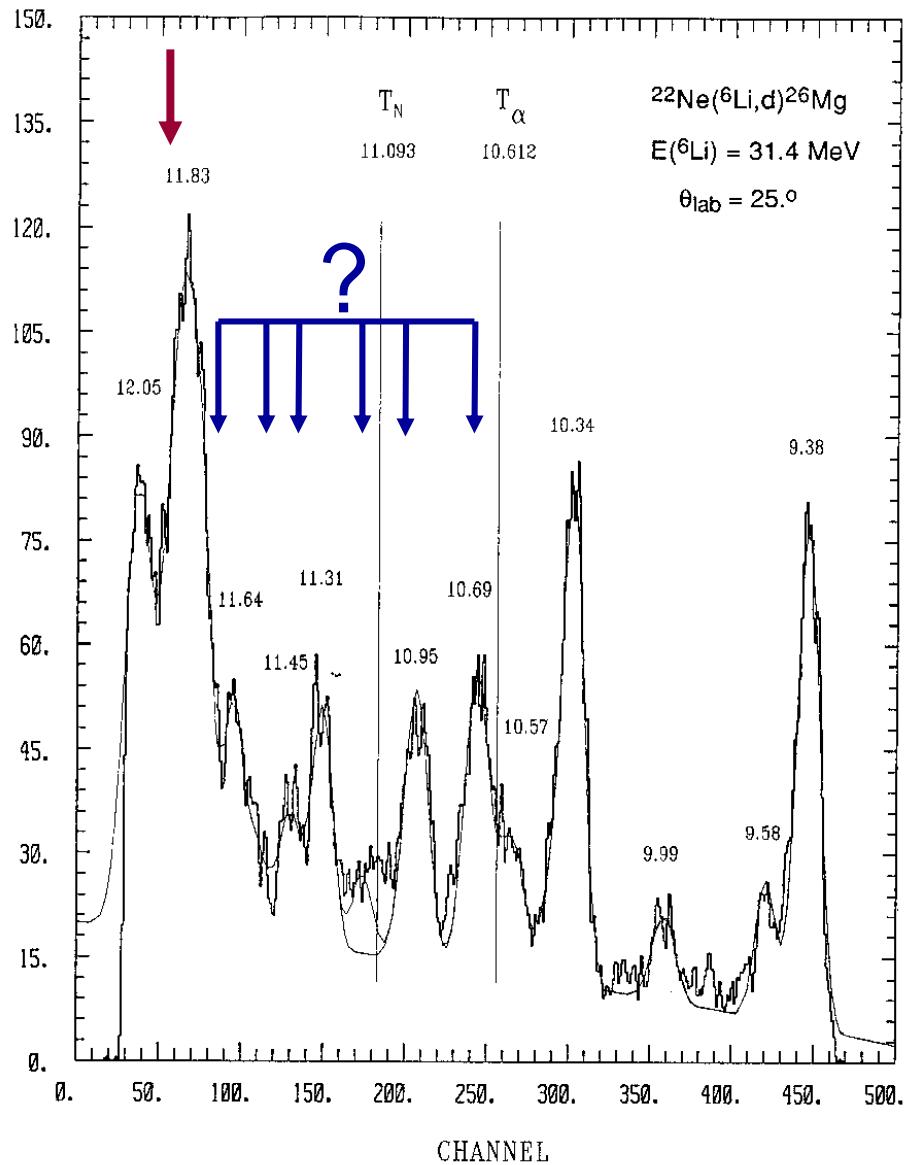
More than ~60 resonance levels between $Q=10.61$ MeV and the observed $E_x=11.59$ MeV resonant state! Observed are 28 resonances in the $^{25}\text{Mg}(n,\gamma)$ reaction channel which may show up in $^{22}\text{Ne}(\alpha,n)$. But the $^{22}\text{Ne}+\alpha$ capture is selective for natural parity states:

$$\pi = (-1)^{\ell_\alpha}$$

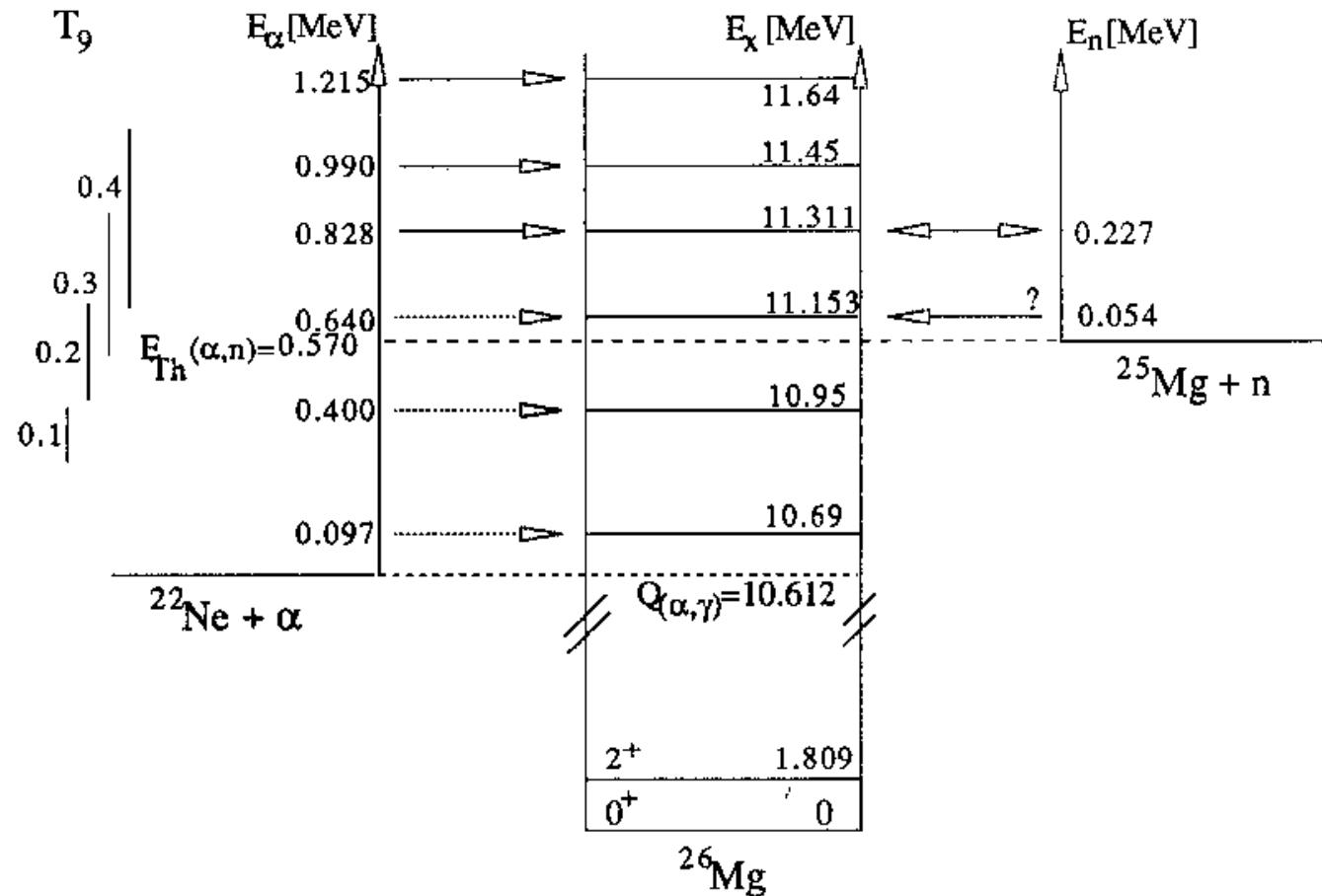
$$J^\pi = 0^+, 1^-, 2^+, 3^-, 4^+, 5^- \dots$$

Not all states will contribute!

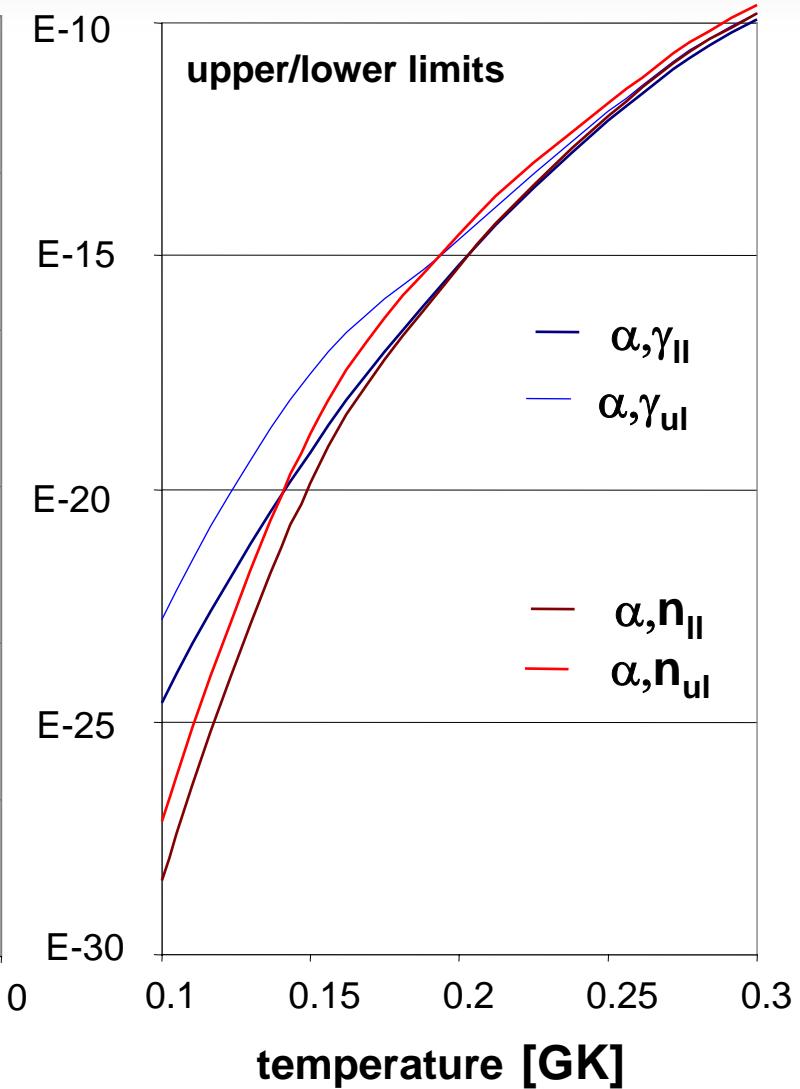
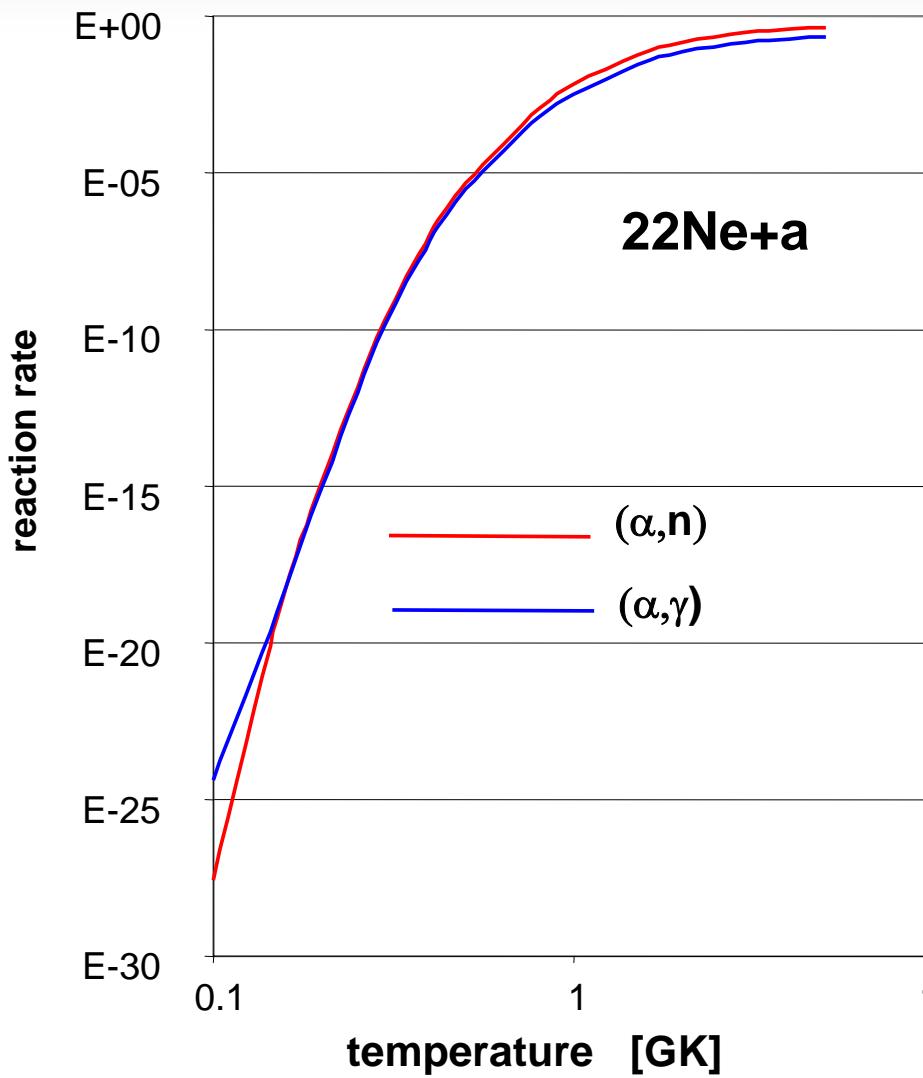
α -transfer studies of ^{26}Mg



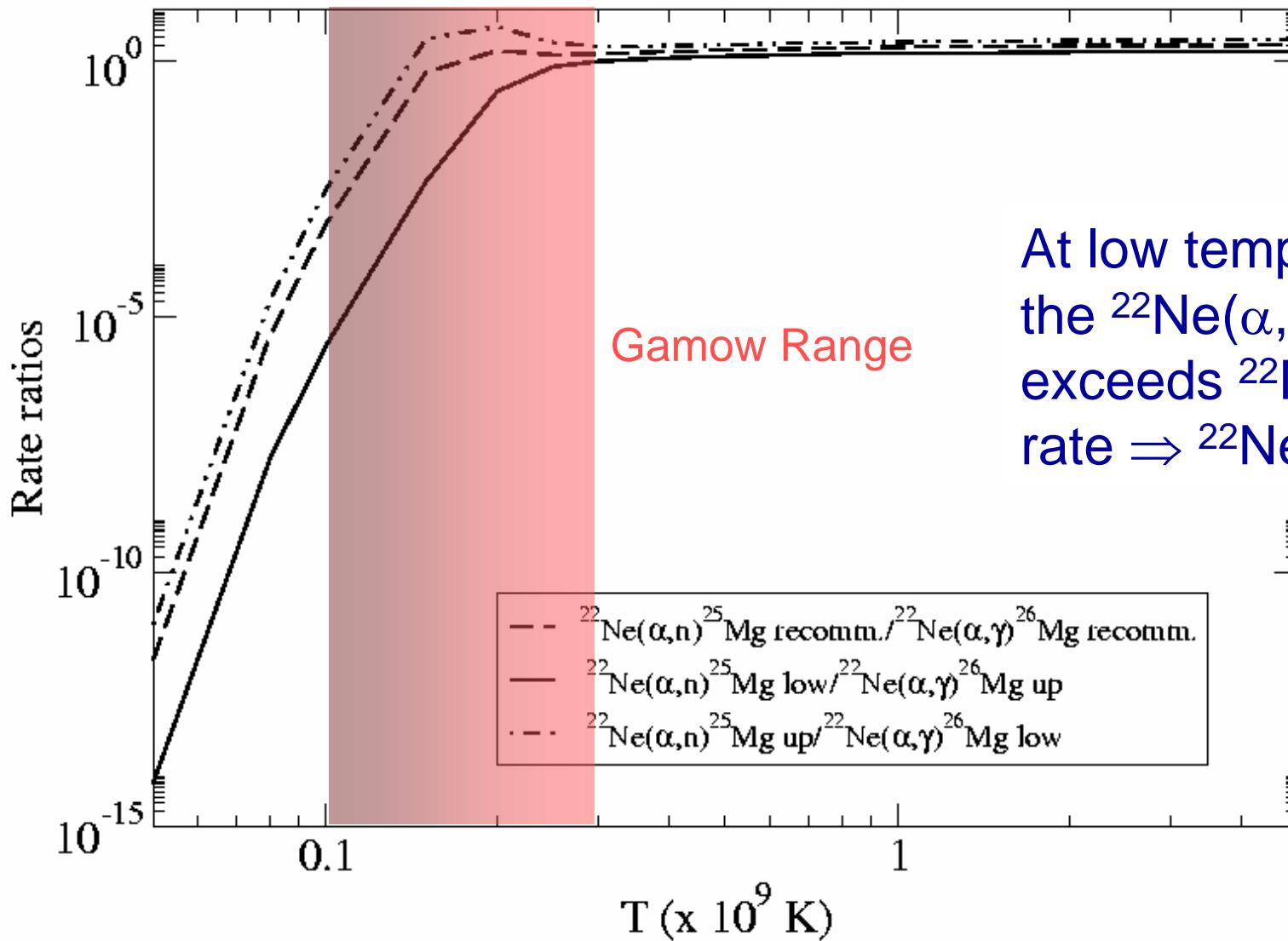
What is the present information?



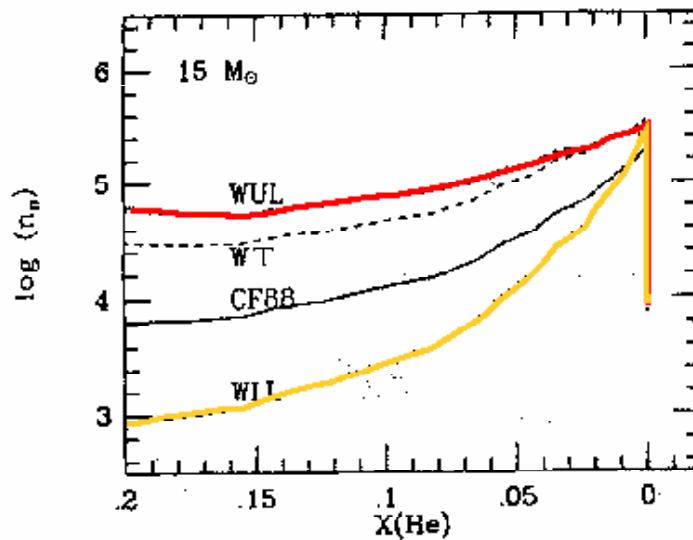
reaction rate limits



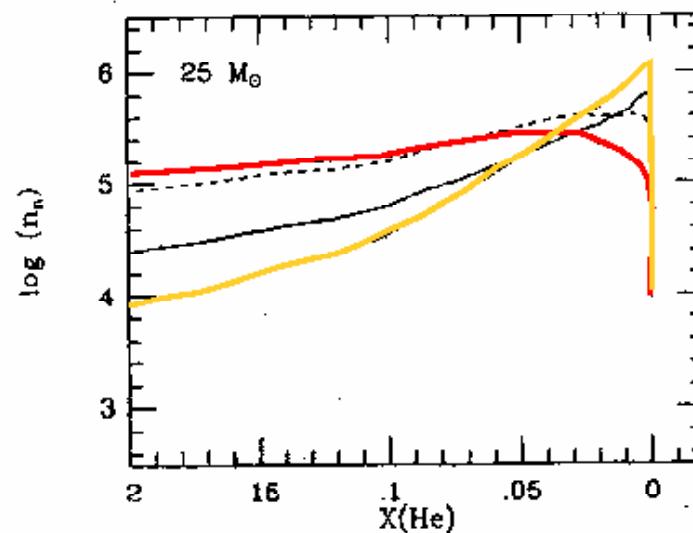
Neutron production conditions



Uncertainties of α -Capture Reaction Rates



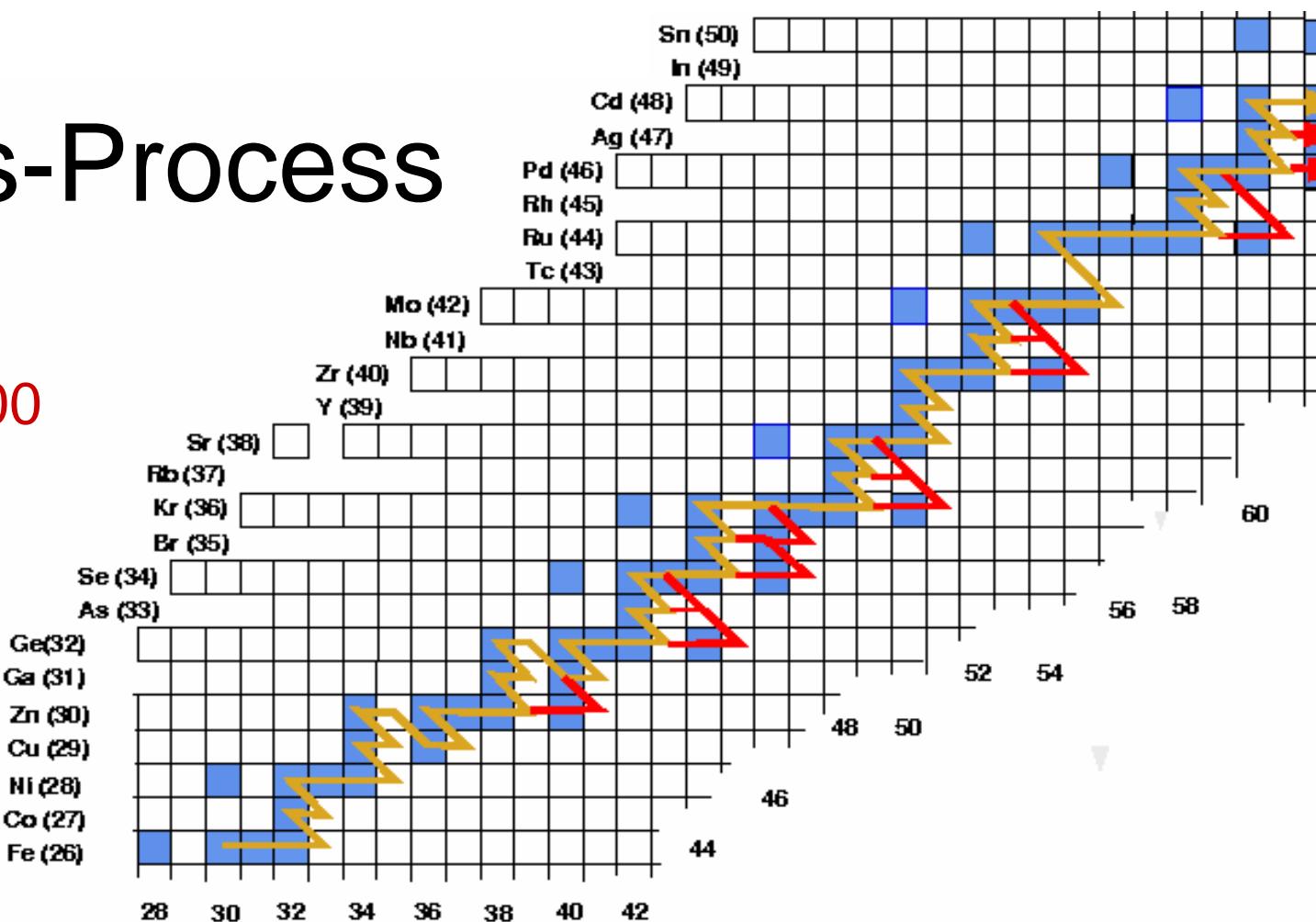
low rate: neutron production during the very last contraction phase before He exhaustion



high rate: neutron production during entire He burning phase

Weak s-Process

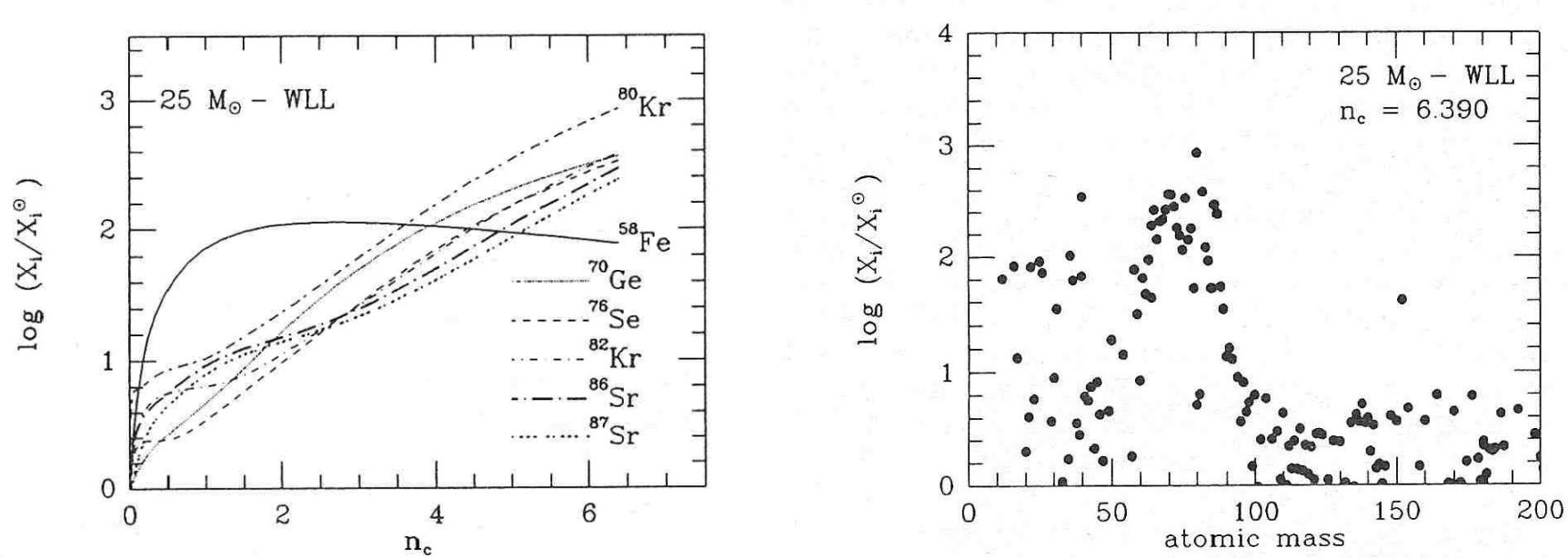
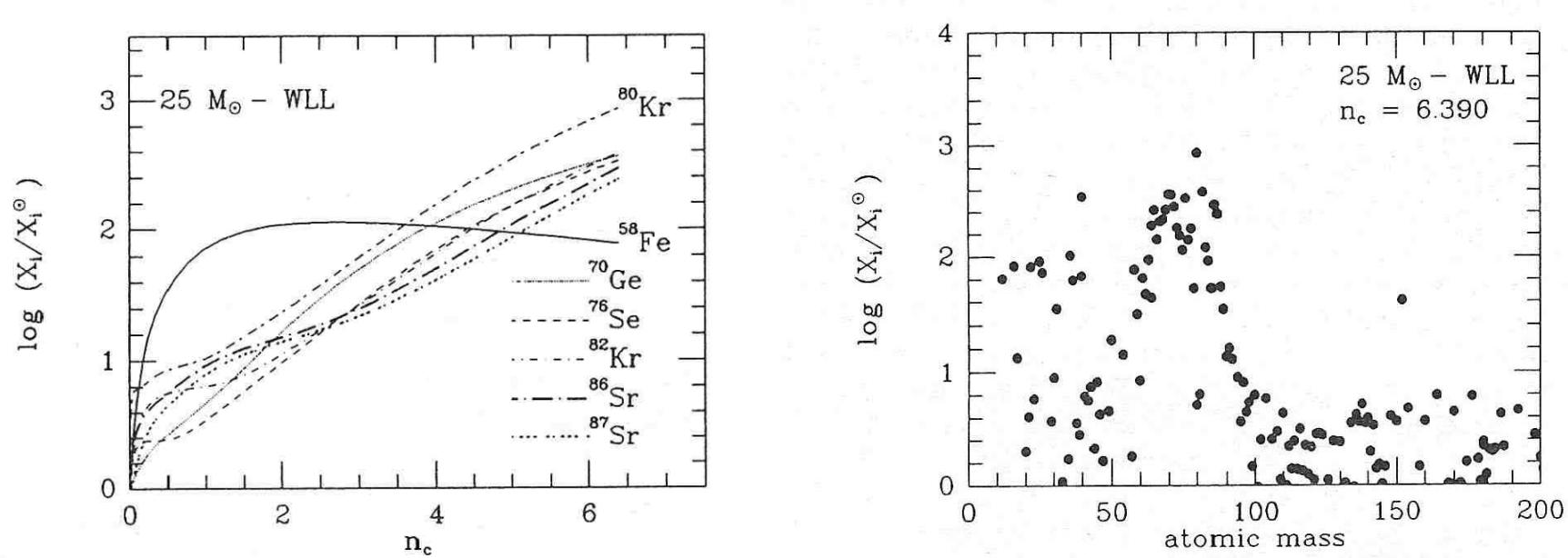
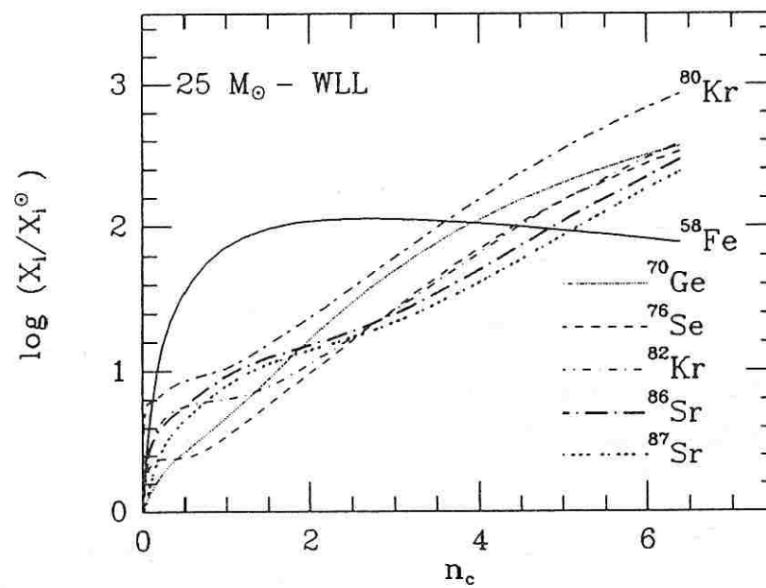
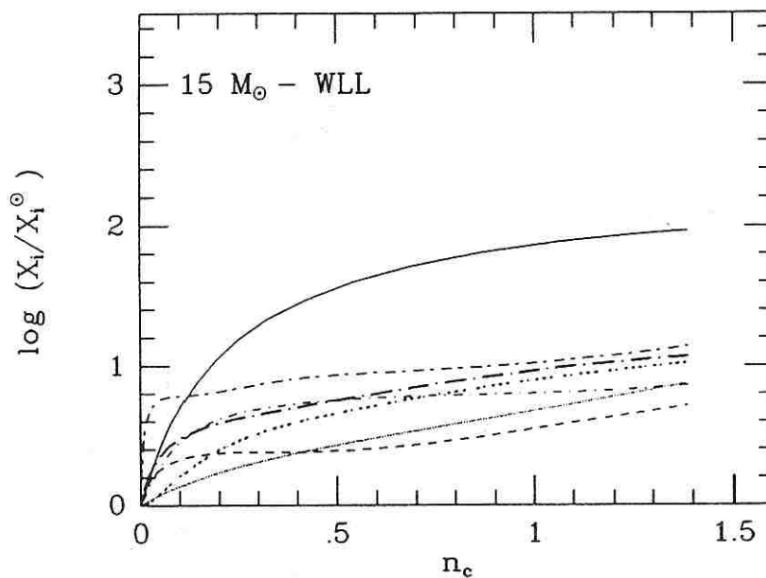
Leads to A~100



$$\frac{dY_n}{dt} = -\sum_x Y_X \cdot Y_n \cdot \rho \cdot N_A \langle \sigma v \rangle_{X(n,\gamma)} + Y_{^{22}Ne} \cdot Y_{^4He} \cdot \rho \cdot N_A \langle \sigma v \rangle_{^{22}Ne(\alpha,n)}$$

$$\frac{dY_{^{A+1}X}}{dt} = -Y_{^{A+1}X} \cdot Y_n \cdot \rho \cdot N_A \langle \sigma v \rangle_{^{A+1}X(n,\gamma)} + Y_{^AX} \cdot Y_n \cdot \rho \cdot N_A \langle \sigma v \rangle_{^AX(n,\gamma)}$$

Weak-s-process abundances



Multitude of open questions!

- impact of threshold cluster states in He burning
- low energy contributions to neutron sources
- neutron capture on light nuclei – neutron poison