

# Beginning precision mass measurements at CARIBU with the CPT

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JINA Frontiers 2010 Workshop

Oct. 21, 2010

Lake Geneva, WI

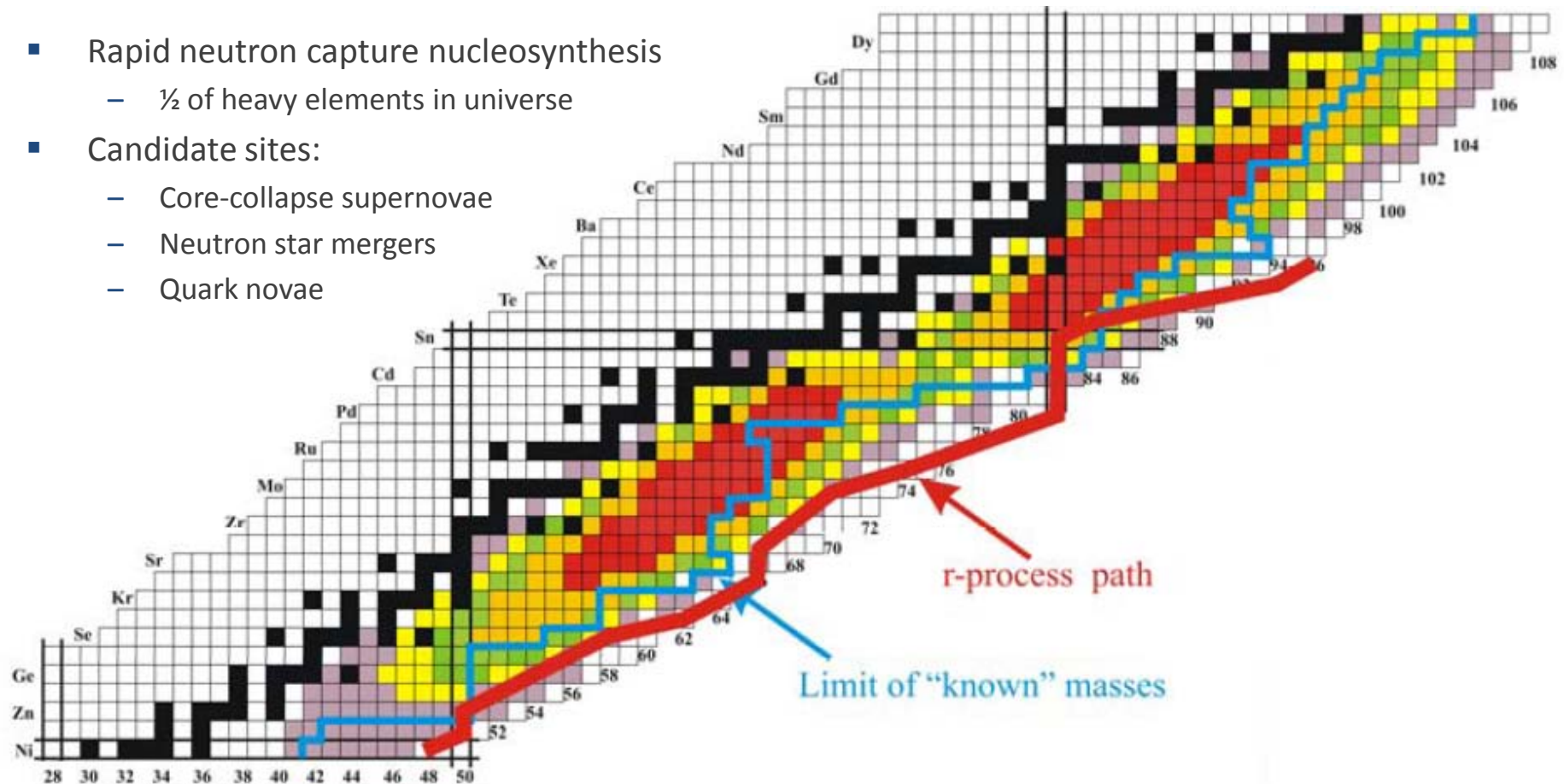
# Outline

- Astrophysical r-Process
  - Importance of mass measurements
- Past mass measurements at CPT
  - Differences from mass models
- CARIBU and future mass measurements
  - Data coming soon!



# The Astrophysical r-Process

- Rapid neutron capture nucleosynthesis
  - ½ of heavy elements in universe
- Candidate sites:
  - Core-collapse supernovae
  - Neutron star mergers
  - Quark novae



$$\frac{Y(Z, A + 1)}{Y(Z, A)} = n_n \left( \frac{2\pi\hbar^2}{m_u kT} \right)^{3/2} \left( \frac{A + 1}{A} \right)^{3/2} \frac{G(Z, A + 1)}{2G(Z, A)} \exp \left[ \frac{S_n(Z, A + 1)}{kT} \right]$$



# Mass measurements needed to find *r*-process path

$$\overline{S_n} = kT \ln \left[ \frac{2}{n_n} \left( \frac{m_u kT}{2\pi\hbar^2} \right)^{3/2} \right] \quad \text{Independent of neutron capture cross-section}$$

For  $T=1.5$  GK,  $n_n=10^{24}$  / cm<sup>3</sup>,  $S_n \sim 3$  MeV

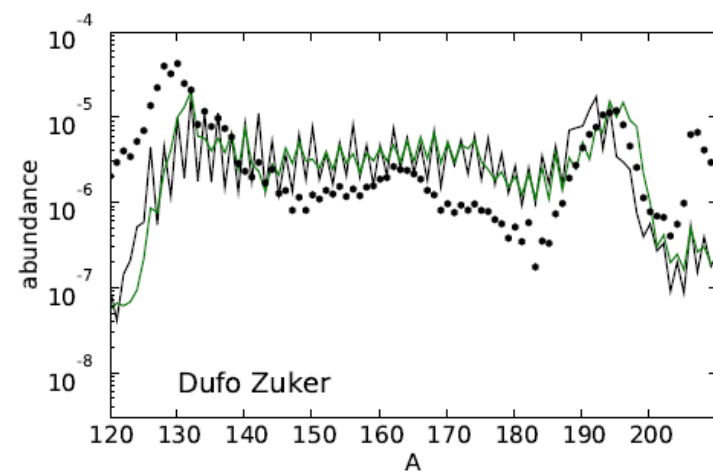
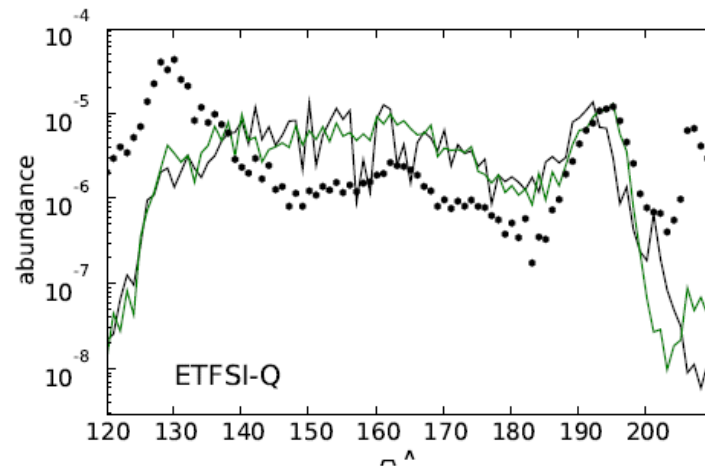
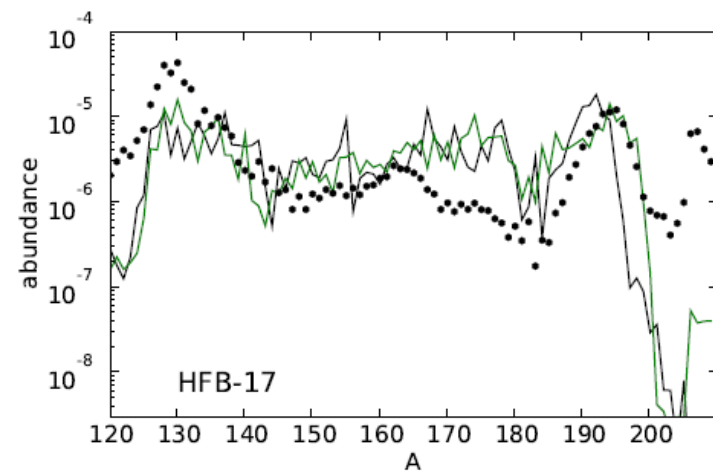
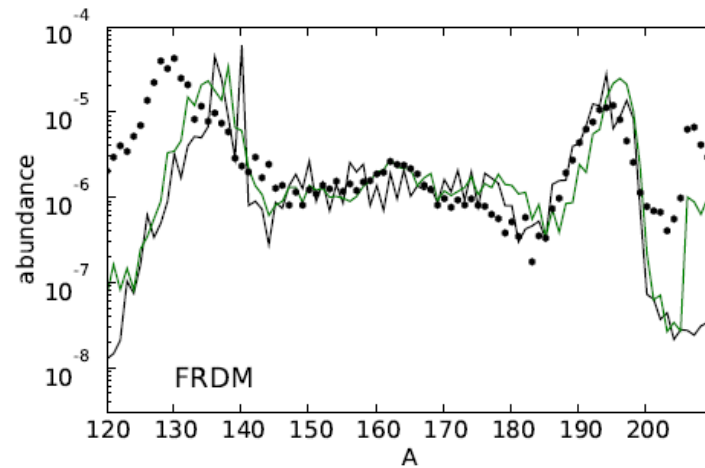
- $S_n$  is the critical parameter that determines the *r*-process path
- The path determines final elemental abundances
- Mass models have been used due to lack of measurements
- Therefore, we need to measure  $S_n$  as far out as possible

Mass measurements!

$$S_n = M(Z, A-1) + M_n - M(Z, A)$$



# Mass Model Dependence



Taken from A. Arcones and G. Martínez-Pinedo, arXiv:1008.3890v1 [astro-ph.SR]

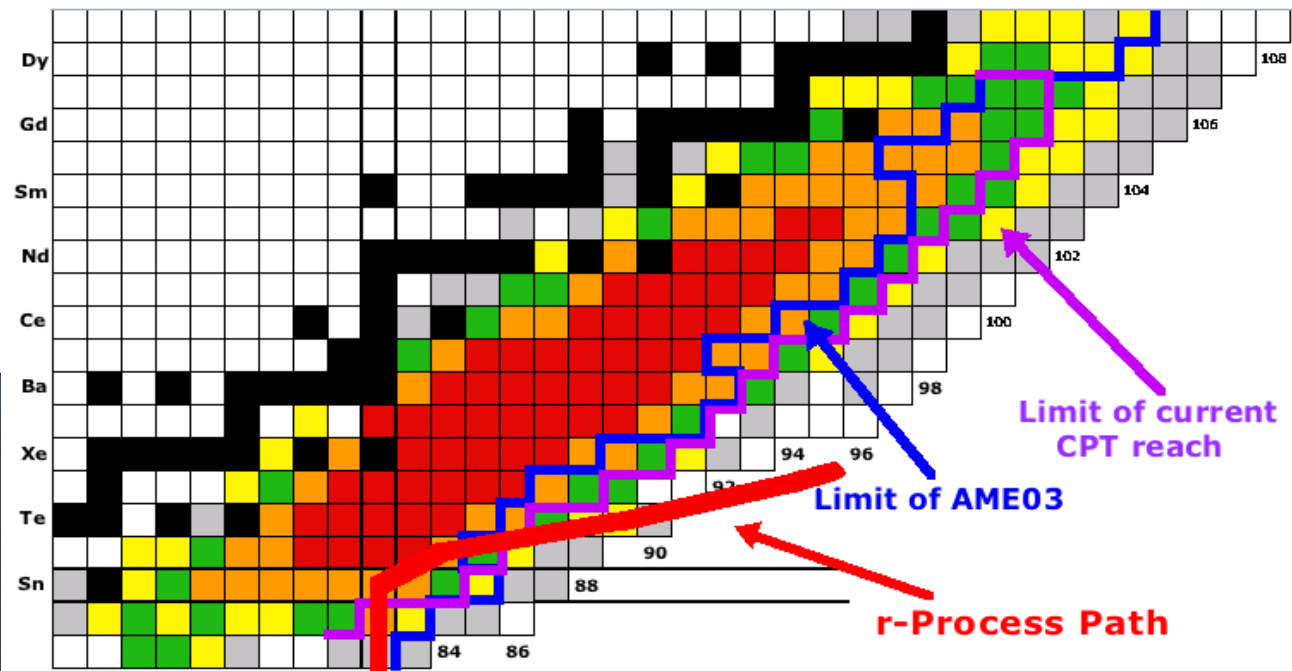


# Get real $S_n$ values with the Canadian Penning Trap.

- Target precision  $\sim 15$  keV
  - $\delta m/m \sim 10^{-7}$
- Get nuclei near the r-process path from  $^{252}\text{Cf}$  fission fragments.
- CPT system designed to harvest short-lived nuclei ( $\geq 100$  ms)

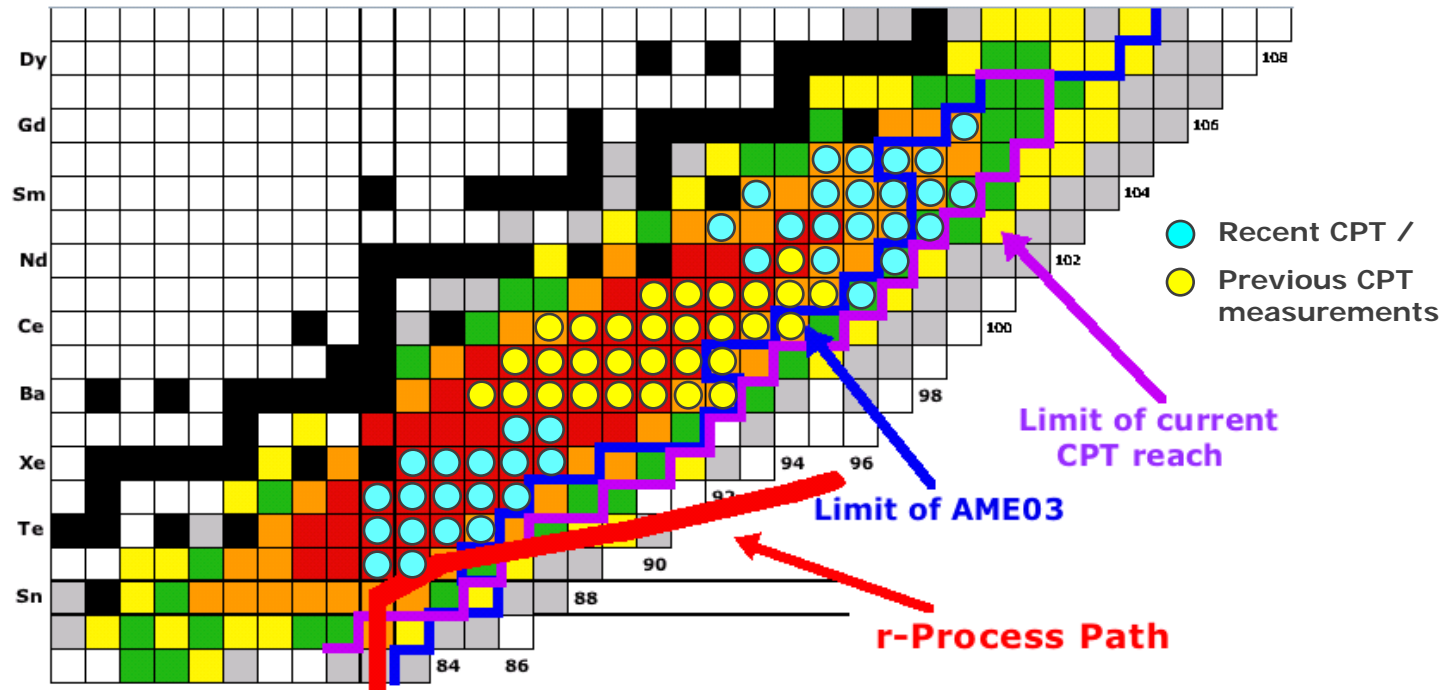


## $^{252}\text{Cf}$ Heavy Fission Peak



# Past CPT Fission Fragment Measurements

## $^{252}\text{Cf}$ Heavy Fission Peak

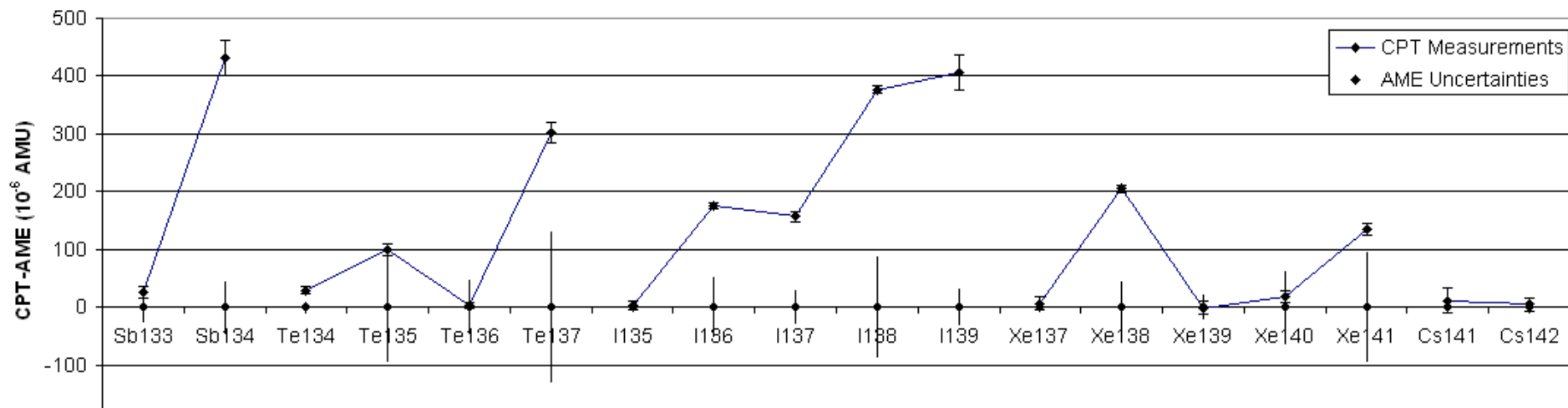


- Ongoing program of measurements since March 2008, using 100  $\mu\text{Ci}$  fission source
- Target 15 keV uncertainty ( $\delta m/m \sim 10^{-7}$ )
- 40 recent species, 20 have never been measured by method other than  $\beta$ -endpoint
- Typically improved precision by factor of 5-10
- Adds to 30 measurements taken at CPT in past years with small gas catcher and source

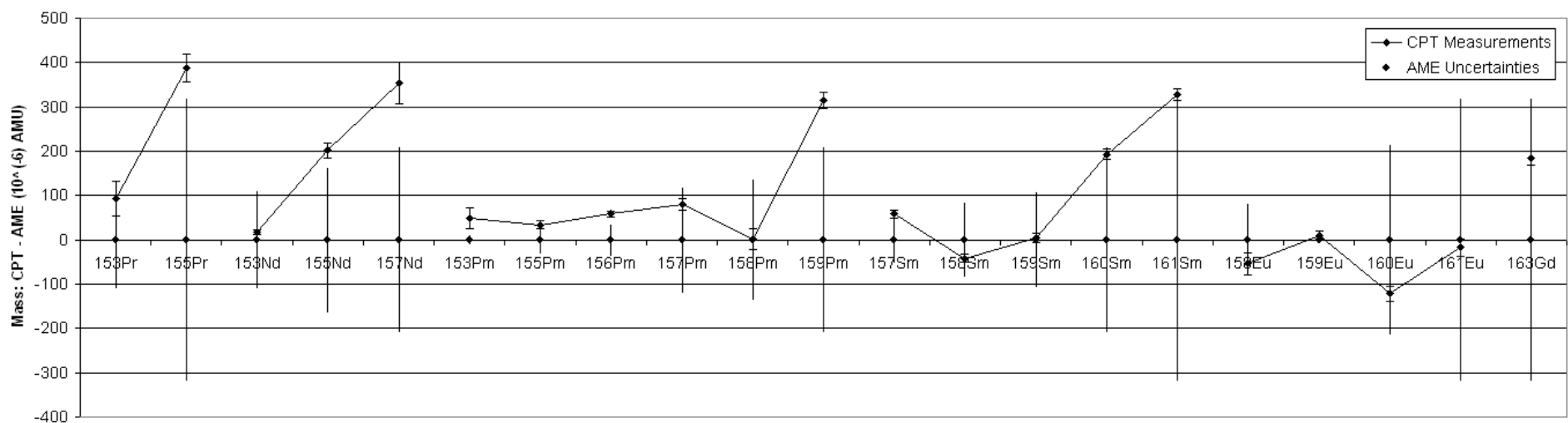


# Comparison of past results to the AME03

1+ Measurements

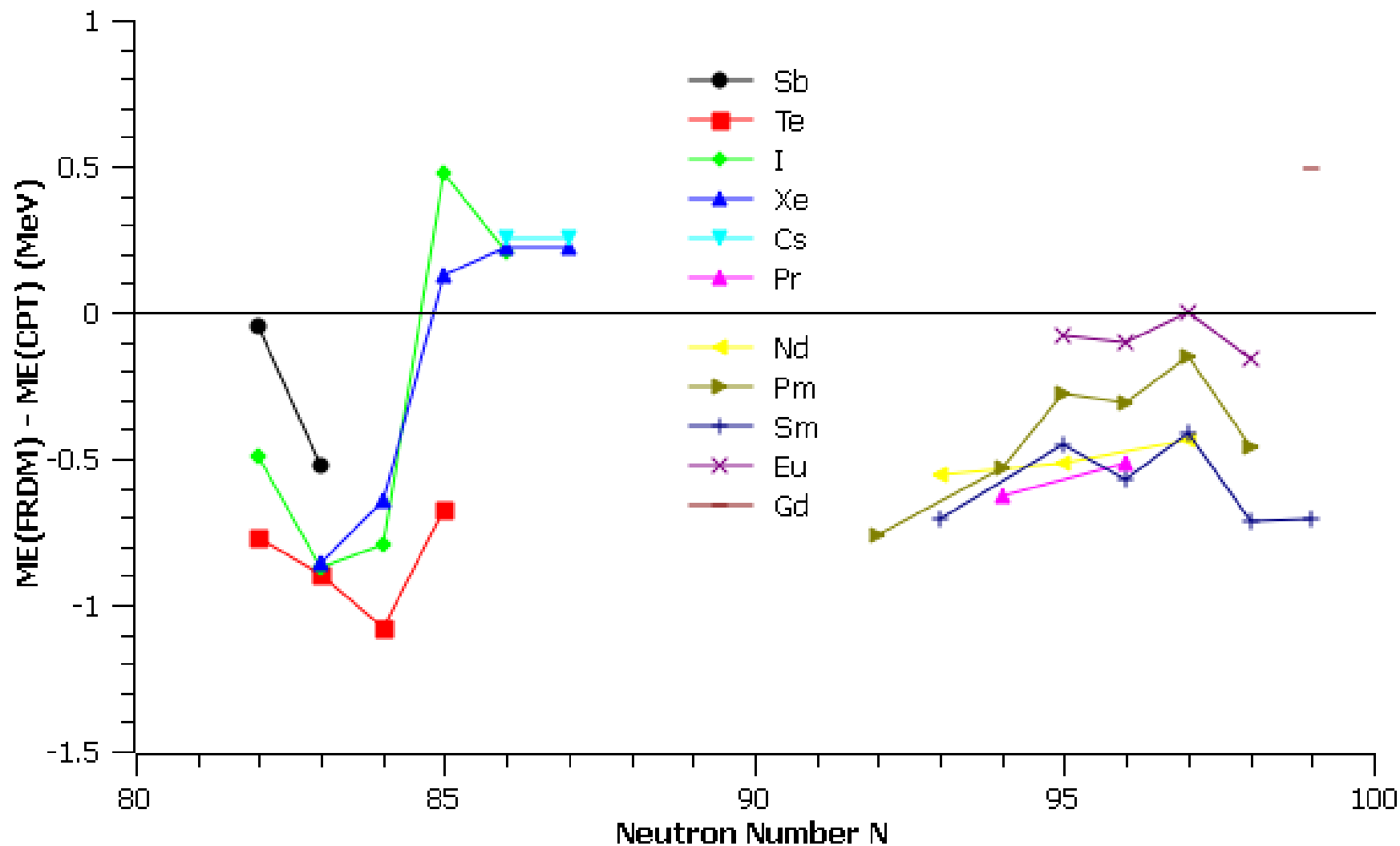


2+ Mass Measurements



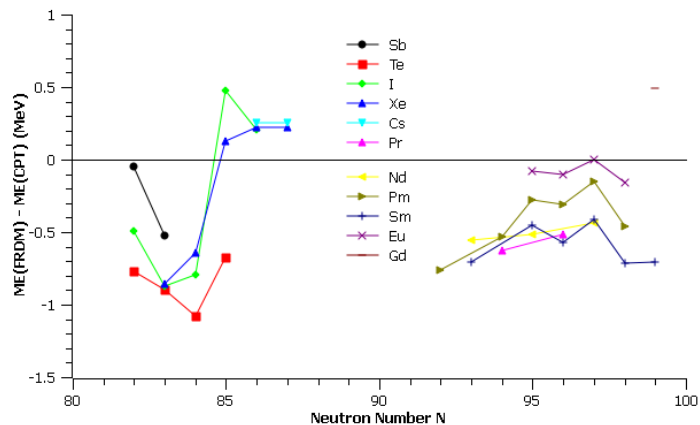


# Mass model example: FRDM mass - CPT mass

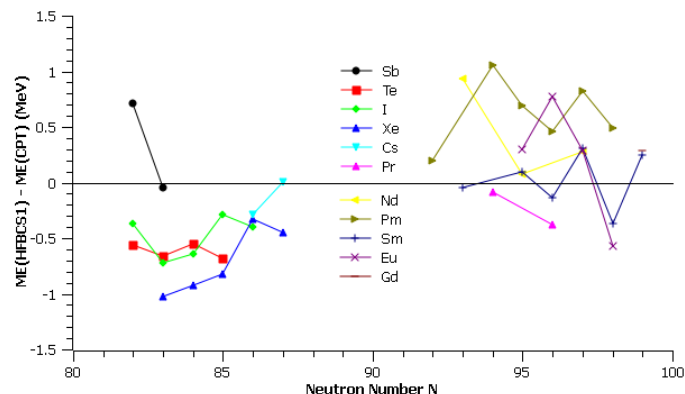


# Mass model variance: Mass models - CPT

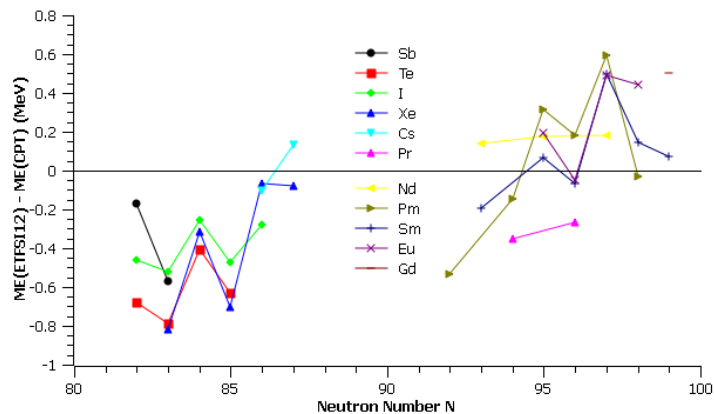
FRDM



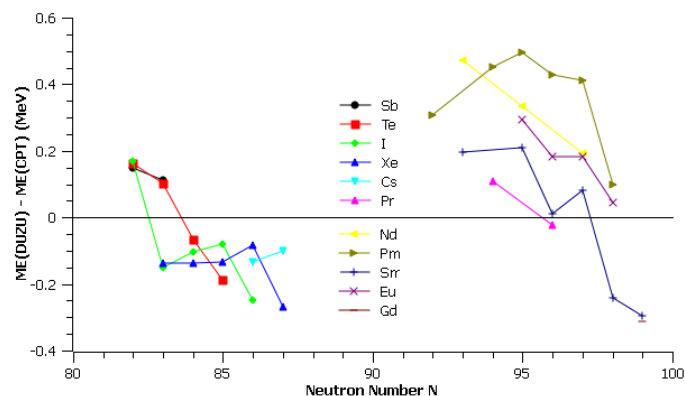
HFBCS1



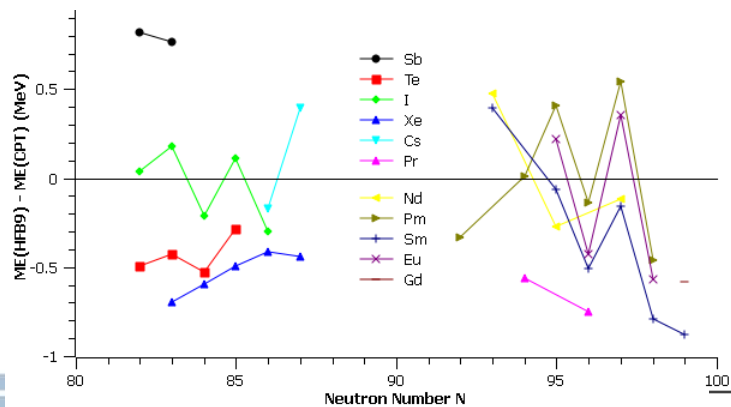
ETFSI2



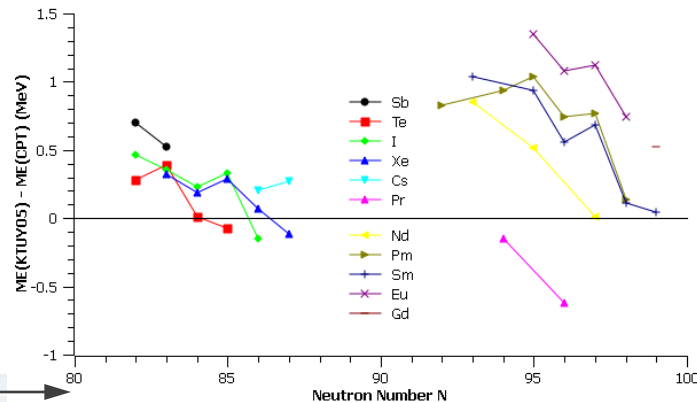
DUZU



HFB9



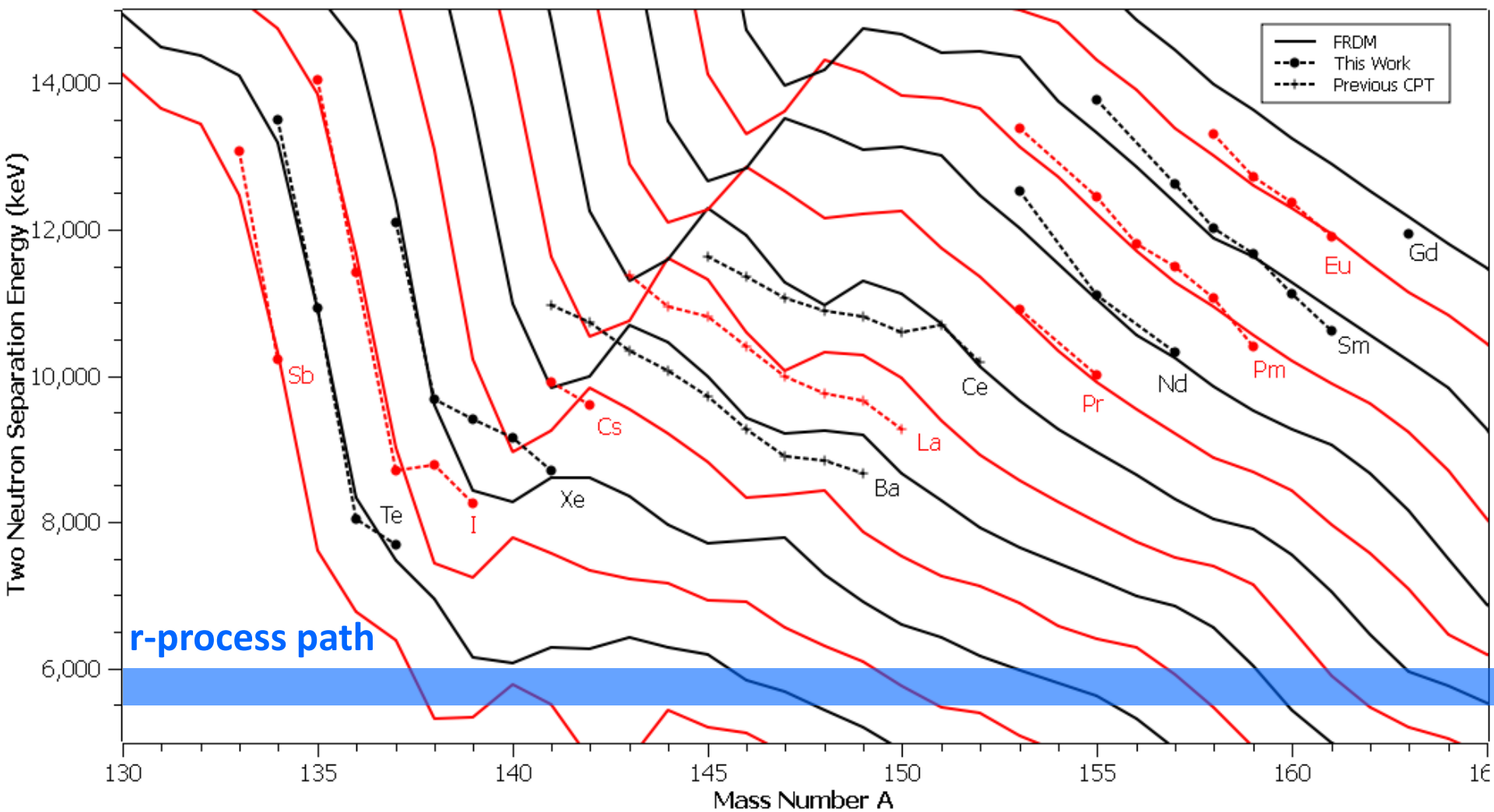
KTUY05



$N$

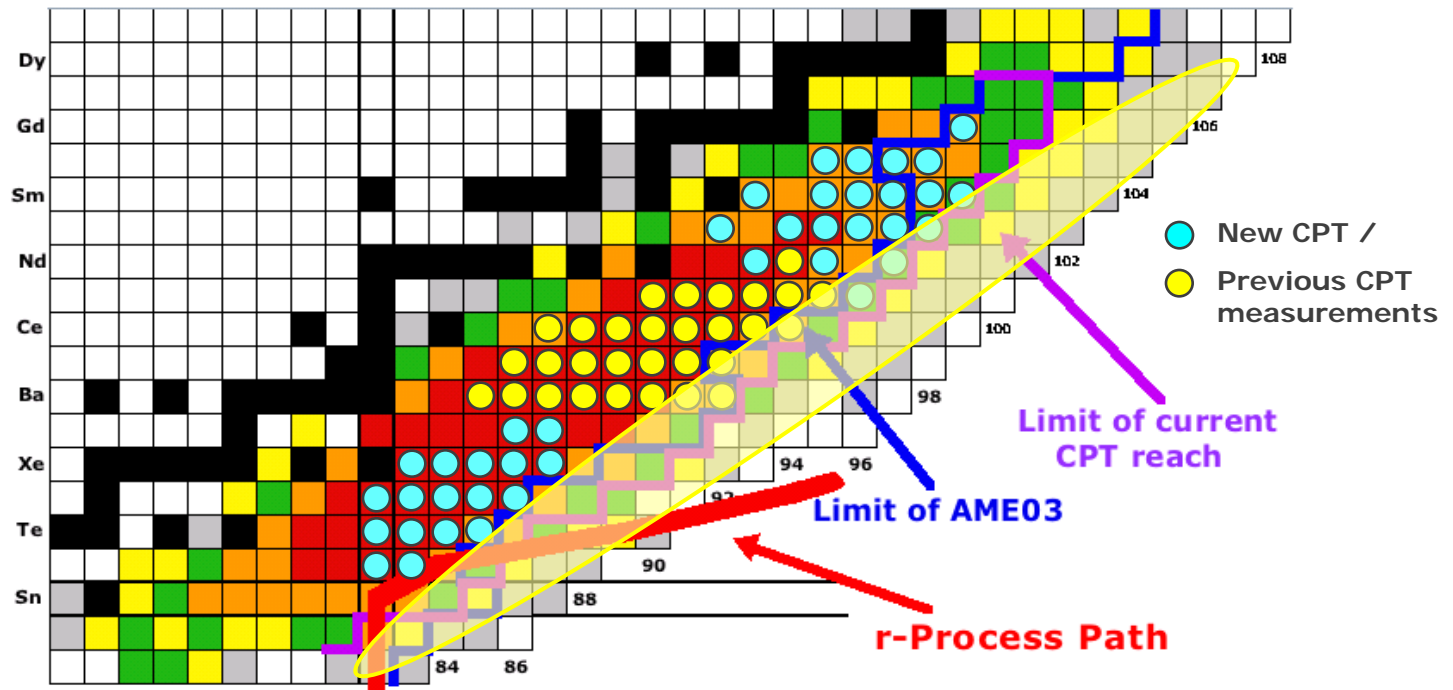


# Mass model example: CPT $S_{2N}$ vs FRDM $S_{2N}$

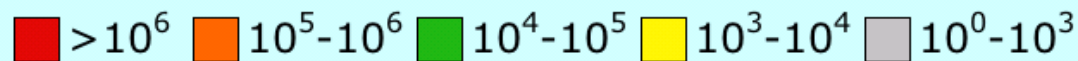


# Future work: CPT at CARIBU

- CARIBU at ANL has larger gas catcher and 10,000 x larger fission source.
- Extend measurements 3-5 neutrons out near r-process path (Cd, In, Sn, Sb, Te)
- CARIBU is commissioning successfully - start data collection in days-weeks

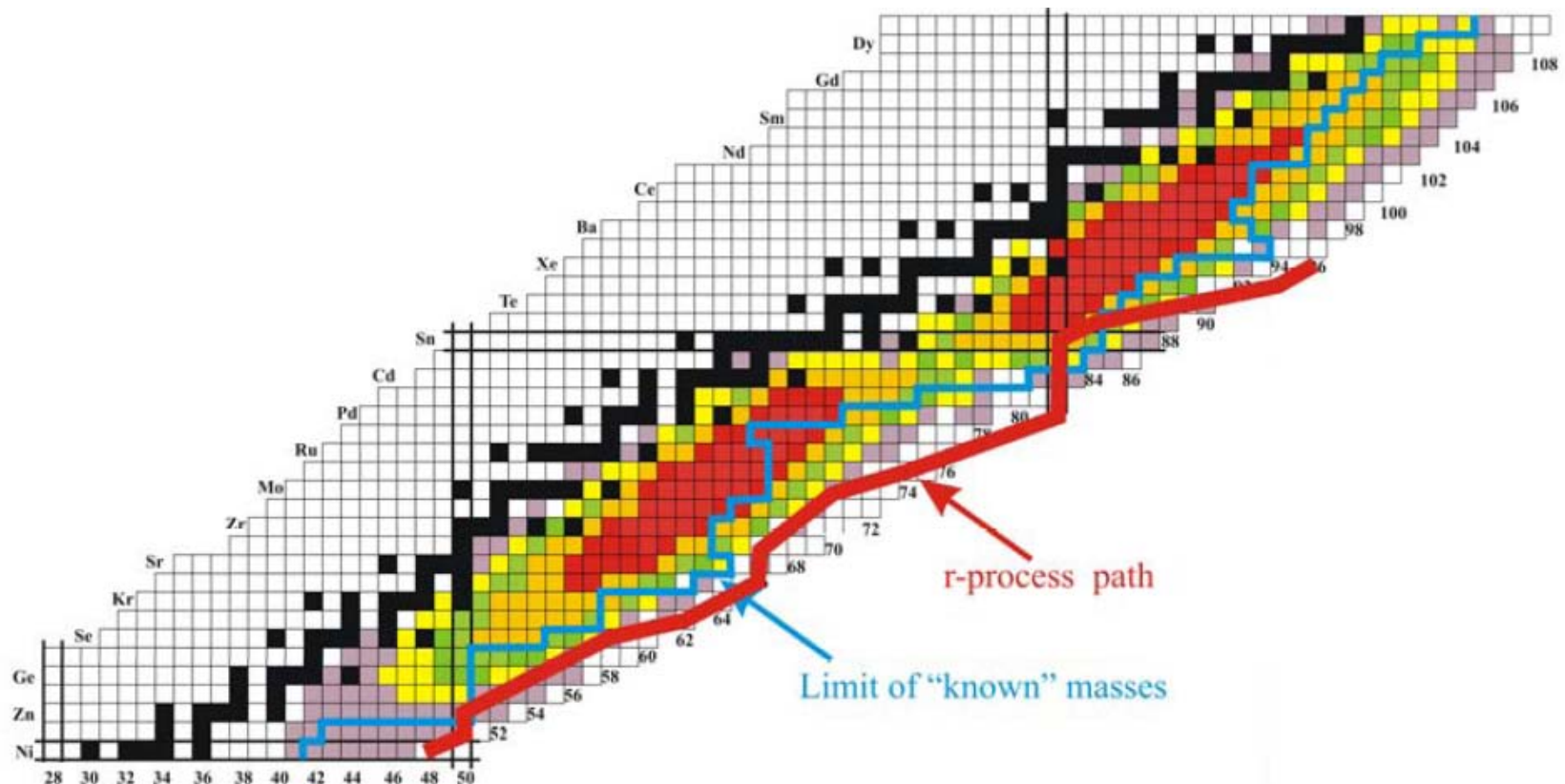


CARIBU Extracted Fission Product Yield



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# CPT Collaboration



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