

# Breakout of the CNO cycle and the $^{15}\text{O}(\alpha, \gamma)$ reaction rate

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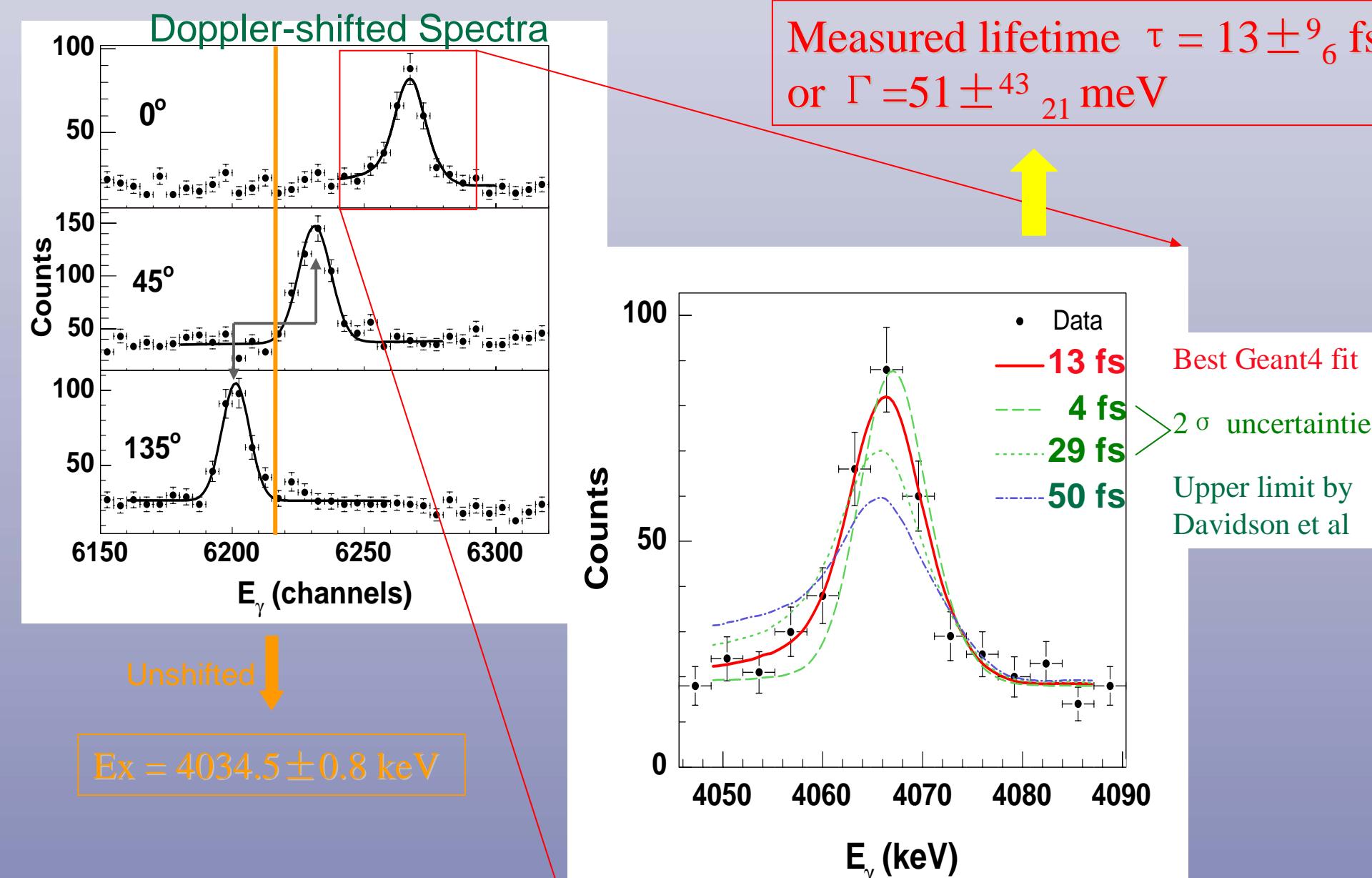
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- $^{15}\text{O}(\alpha, \gamma)^{19}\text{Ne}$  is critical to break out the hot CNO cycle and trigger the thermonuclear runaways in accreting neutron star of a close binary system.
- It is very sensitive to the burst amplitude and periodicity of X-ray bursters.
- It is probably also key to the amount of C to be ignited for superbursts.

## 170(3He, n- $\gamma$ )19Ne Experiment

- Lifetimes were measured using Doppler-shift attenuation method
- Full line shape analysis with Geant4 simulation was used to deal with tailing effects and the feeding from higher lying states
- Gamma spectra in coincidence with neutrons were measured in three setups

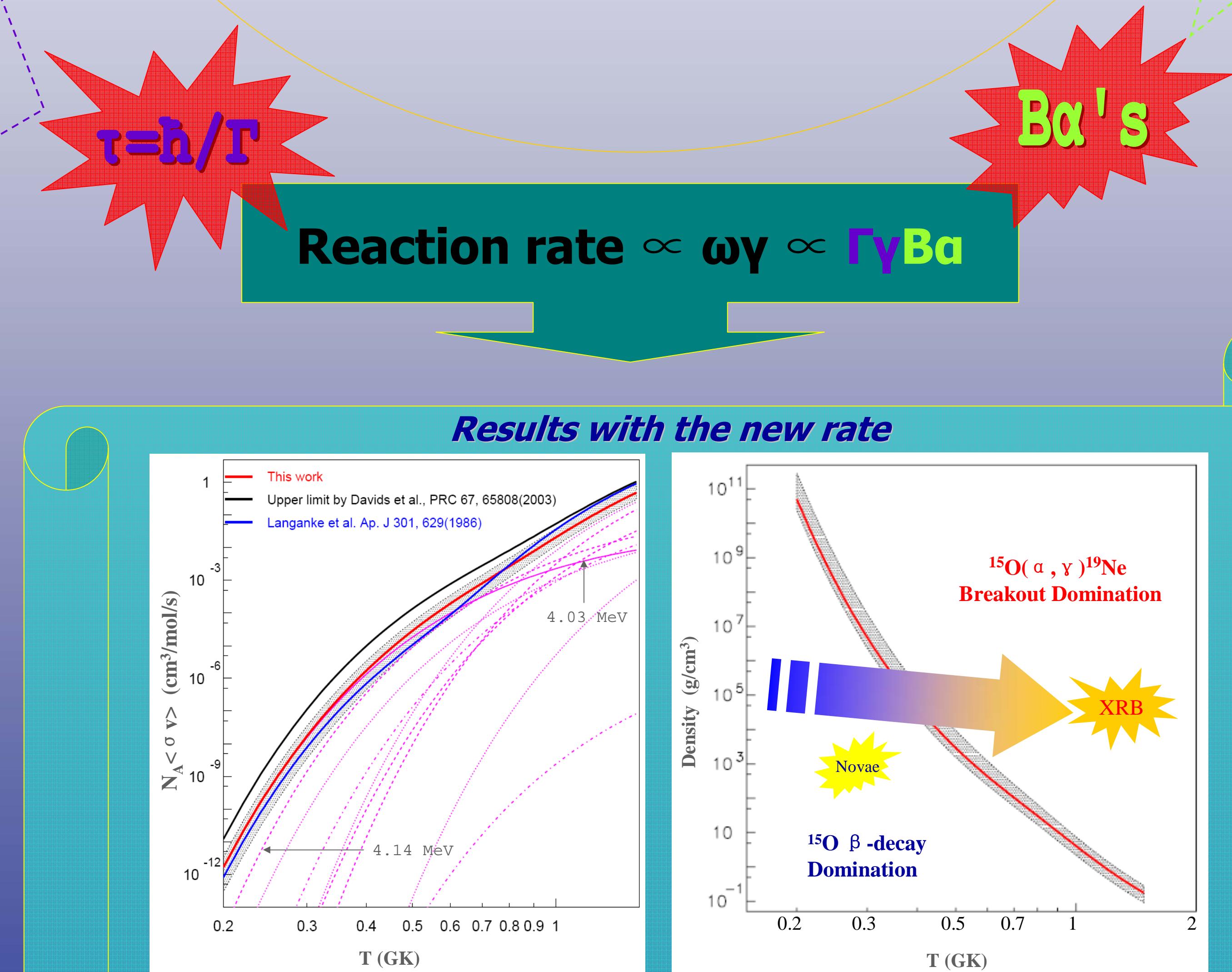
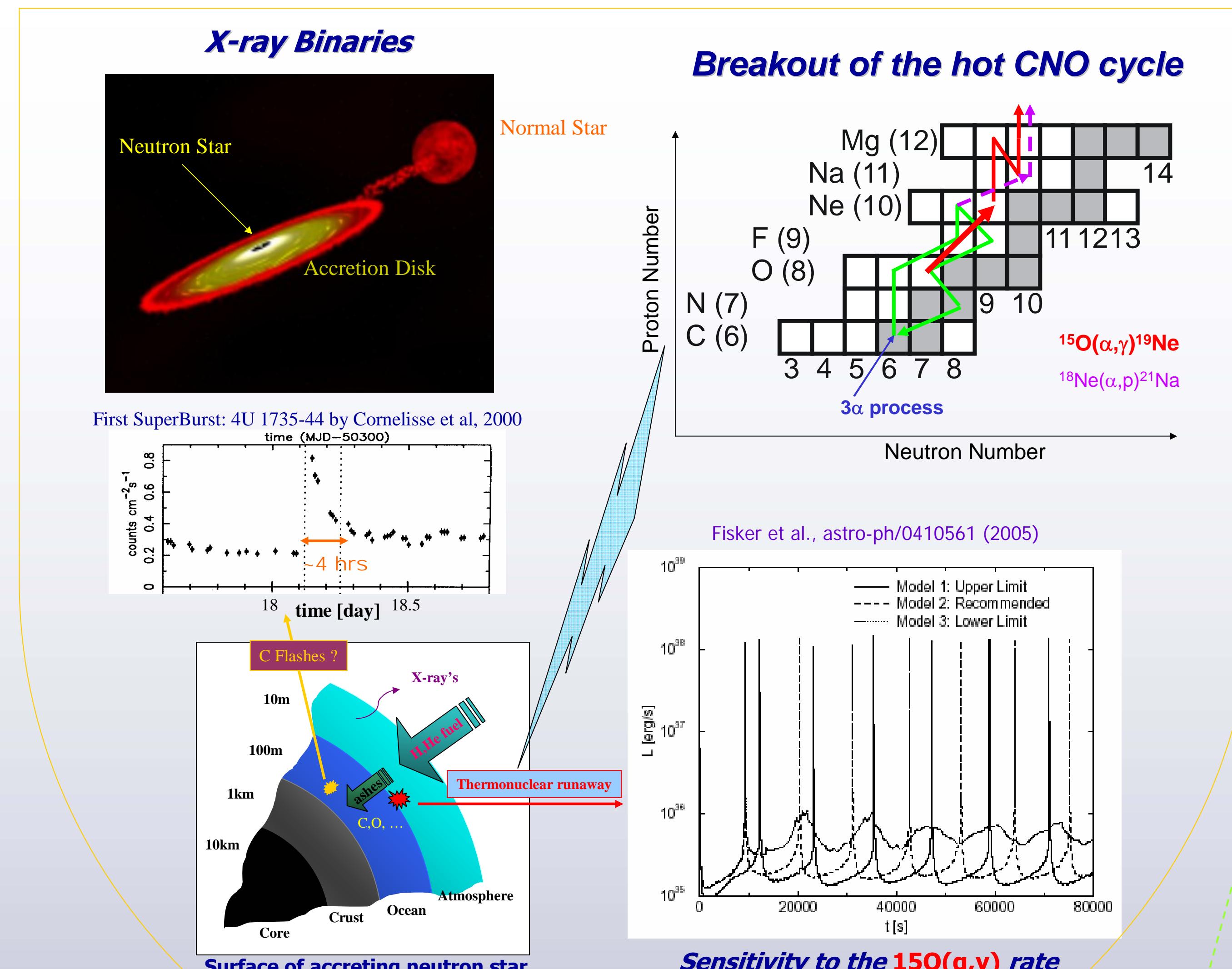
## Lifetime of the 4.03-MeV state



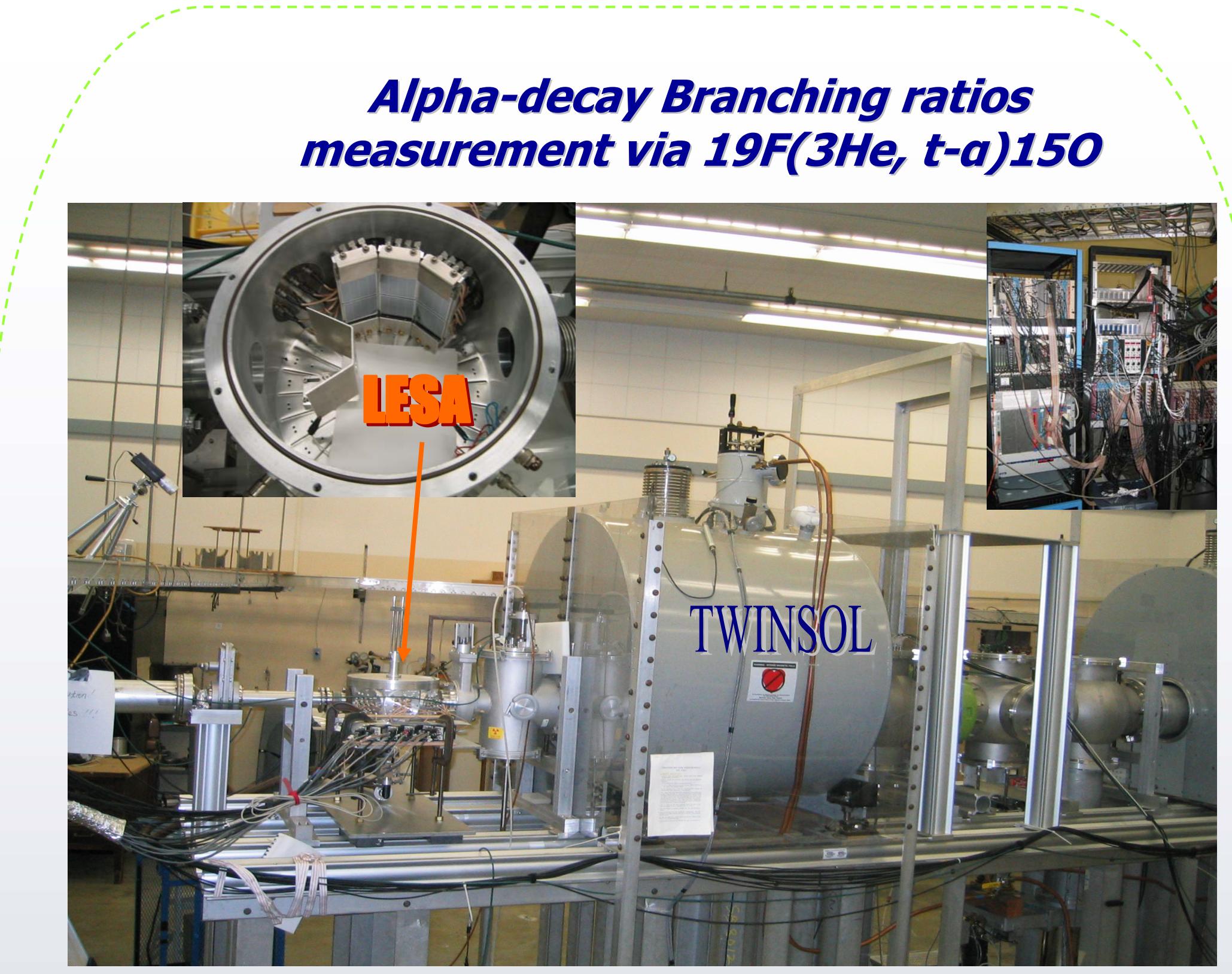
## Summary of Lifetime Results

Compilation (TUNL)			Present work	
E* [keV]	J $\pi$	$\tau_m$ [fs]	E* [keV]	$\tau_m$ [fs]
1507.56 ± 0.3	5/2-	$1.4^{+0.5}_{-0.6} \times 10^3$	1507.51 ± 0.35	$1.7 \pm 0.3 \times 10^3$
1536.0 ± 0.4	3/2+	$28 \pm 11$	1536.05 ± 0.36	$16 \pm 4$
1615.6 ± 0.5	3/2-	$143 \pm 31$	$1615.4 \pm 0.4$	$80 \pm 15$
2794.7 ± 0.6	9/2+	$140 \pm 35$	$2794.2 \pm 0.4$	$100 \pm 12$
4032.9 ± 2.4	3/2+	<50	$4034.5 \pm 0.8$	$13^{+10}_{-6}$
4140 ± 4	(9/2)-*	<300	$4143.5 \pm 0.6$	$18^{+2}_{-3}$
4197.1 ± 2.4	(7/2)-*	<350	$4200.3 \pm 1.1$	$43^{+12}_{-3}$
4379.1 ± 2.2	7/2+	<120	$4377.8 \pm 0.6$	$5^{+3}_{-2}$
4549 ± 4	(1/2, 3/2)-	<80	$4547.7 \pm 1.0$	$15^{+11}_{-5}$
4600 ± 4	(5/2)+	<160	$4601.8 \pm 0.8$	$7^{+5}_{-4}$
4635 ± 4	13/2+	>10 $^3$	$4634.0 \pm 0.9$	>10 $^3$

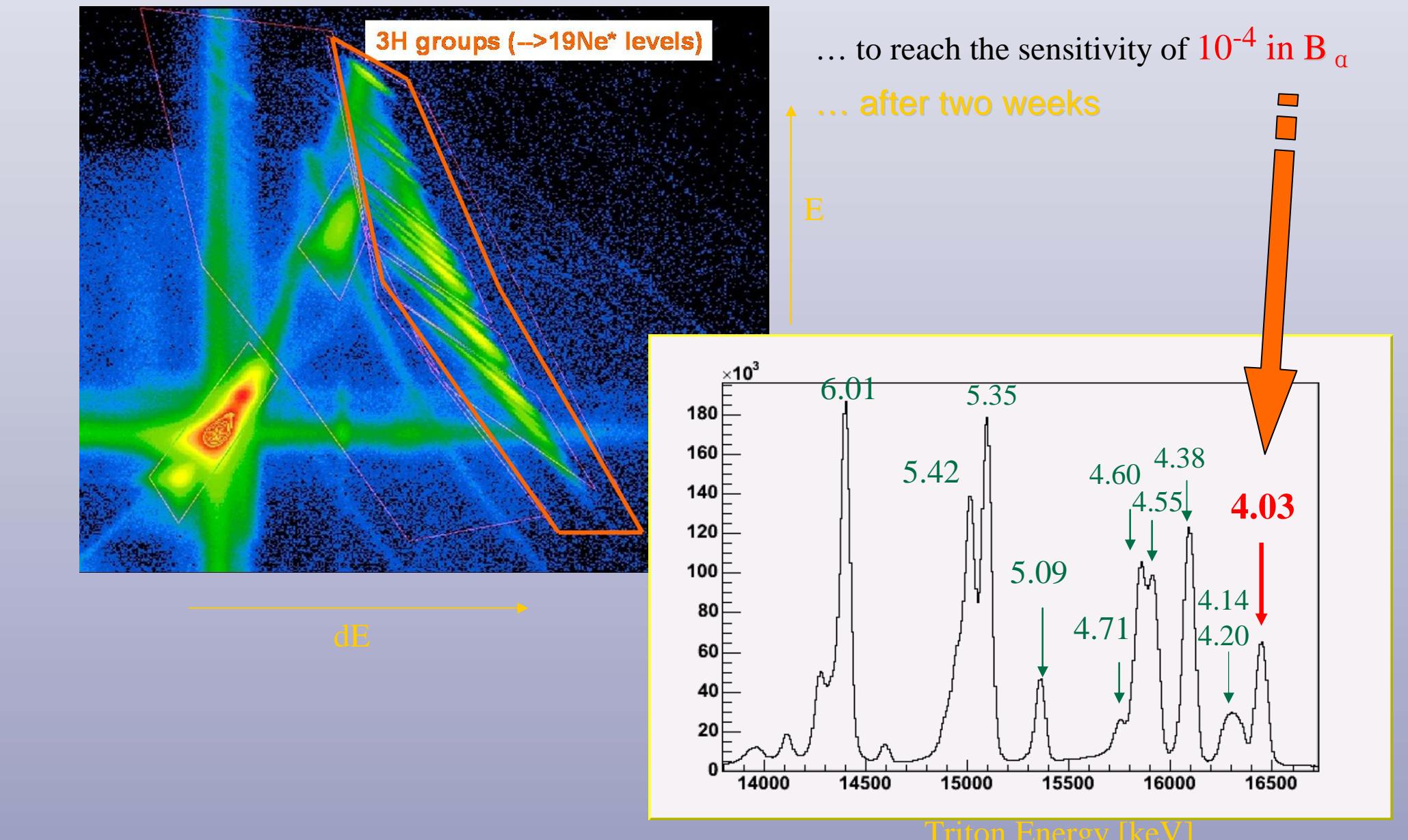
\* Our study shows the spin assignments should be exchanged



- We have significantly improved our knowledge on the reaction rate of  $^{15}\text{O}(\alpha, \gamma)^{19}\text{Ne}$
- Further investigation with X-ray model simulations using our new rate will probably answer various questions related to X-ray bursts and superbursts.



## A million of 3H detected for 4.03 MeV State



## Results of α -decay Branching Ratios

Ex [MeV]	Magnus90	RIKEN	Laird02	Rehm03	Davids03	Visser04	This work
4.03		<0.03	<0.01	<6x10 <sup>-4</sup>	<4.3x10 <sup>-4</sup>		$2.9 \pm 2 \times 10^{-4}$
4.14			<0.01				$1.2 \pm 0.3 \times 10^{-3}$
4.20							
4.38	$0.044 \pm 0.032$	<0.04			$16 \pm 5 \times 10^{-3}$	$<3.9 \times 10^{-3}$	$(>0.0027)$
4.55	$0.07 \pm 0.03$	$0.09^{+0.04}_{-0.02}$			$0.16 \pm 0.04$	$0.06 \pm 0.04$	$0.07 \pm 0.02$
4.60	$0.25 \pm 0.04$	$0.29^{+0.06}_{-0.04}$	$0.32 \pm 0.03$		$0.32 \pm 0.04$	$0.208 \pm 0.026$	$0.26 \pm 0.03$
4.71	$0.82 \pm 0.15$	$0.67^{+0.23}_{-0.14}$			$0.85 \pm 0.04$	$0.69^{+0.11}_{-0.14}$	$0.80 \pm 0.15$
5.09	$0.90 \pm 0.09$	$1.11^{+0.17}_{-0.13}$	$1.8 \pm 0.9$	$0.8 \pm 0.1$	$0.90 \pm 0.06$	$0.75^{+0.06}_{-0.07}$	$0.87 \pm 0.03$

- Magnus90: Magnus et al., Nucl. Phys. A 506, 332 (1990)
- RIKEN: private communication from T. Motobayashi
- Laird02: Phys. Rev. C 66, 048801 (2002)
- Rehm03: Phys. Rev. C 67, 065809 (2003)
- Davids03: Phys. Rev. C 67, 012801 (2003)
- Visser04: Phys. Rev. C 69, 048801 (2004)

